



Be Assessment

SETTING UP FOR EXAMS

Be organised:

- Get files or folders for each subject and start putting important information in at the end of each day.
- You will waste time looking under a mountain of paper for the one you want when you could have spent that time revising.



Make a list of subjects and topics that you need to revise:

 One way of doing this is to get an A3 blank sheet of paper and fold it half, fold it again and again. When you open it, you will have 8 rectangles on each side. At the top of each rectangle write the name of your subject e.g., maths, English, history, Spanish. Then make a list of all the topics you need to revise in each subject e.g., under geography you could have volcanoes, weather, ecosystems, countries of the world.

Start early:

 Sooner you start the less you will have to do each day and the less stressed you will be.

Revision Timetable:

- Make a realistic revision timetable that will work for you.
- Allow time to get this completed it is a good investment of time.
- Ask parents/form tutor to help if you find this difficult.

THE OHIOTOL	1700-1800	1800-1900		2000-2100	200-1200
	Rehearsal	MAKE R	EVISION TABLE.	COLOUR IN TIMETAR	Revision
TUE:	Bidogy Extra??	DEus EX	GENGRAL STUDIES: Real Calvi & Hobbes	Cache ally Do some	Rest
WED:	Rehearsal	Collect old 486!		5mash Ch	state *
THUR:	File notes on Aquinas		ESSAY FOR R.S.	Revise JKIII Missions	Make Excuse For Bis Result
FRI:	ARTS \$ DEBATING	Duch. of		Millian breaks	Midson

Equipment:

- Keep all the equipment you need handy e.g. pens, calculator, paper, notebooks, postcards, post-its, flash cards etc.
- Wasting 20 mins looking for a pen is not good use of revision time!







Revision Timetable

It's time to create a revision timetable for yourself Here are some simple steps

- Break up your subjects.
- Think about where you need to focus. ...
- · Be realistic. ...
- Expect the unexpected. ...
- · Make your plan.

Don't be over ambitious – break work down into small chunks.

Assess how familiar you are with each topic and focus on your weak areas.

Take breaks, do short (45 minute) sessions often and include fun stuff / rewards – that way you are more likely to stick to your timetable.

Use different colours for different topics.

Remember to keep reviewing what you have revised and testing yourself at the end of the day, the next day and the end of the week - this will help you to recall the information in the exam.

You do not need to study from 9am-10pm; decide which hours of the day you can concentrate best

Mix up your timetable to focus on weaknesses!

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
4pm					
5pm					
6pm					
7pm					
8pm					
9pm					

Time	Saturday	Sunday
10am		
11am		
12pm		
1pm		
2pm		
3pm		
4pm		

HOW TO GET GOOD RESULTS

You can't revise it if you haven't learned it!

Revision is re-looking at information you have learned previously.

SUCCESS!

'Knowing' depends on understanding and remembering information.

Your attitude is important!

Success is 80% attitude & 20% skill!



Every lesson counts and your attendance is vital!

Go to all lessons and make them work for you – it is not whether you like the teacher or not, whether you find it difficult, whether you find it boring – it is what you are getting out of it that matters.



This is YOUR result.

Regardless of what has happened in the past you can always change your future.





YOU ONLY FAIL IF YOU GIVE UP!

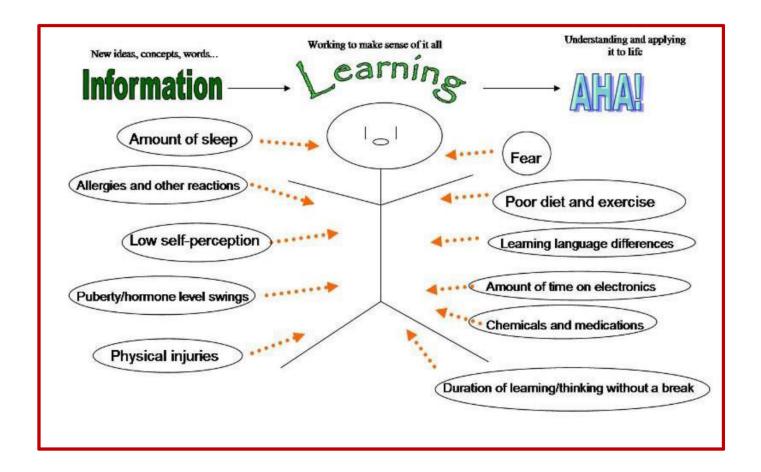
OBSTACLES TO LEARNING



Before you can give your all to your revision you need to think about any obstacles that are in your way of learning.

It could be motivation, time management, lack of a quiet place to work, being unsure of what to do or could be something unrelated to school?

You need to take some time and have a think about what these obstacles could be so that you can try to overcome them to ensure that you are fully prepared for your assessments.



This won't be popular BUT....

Having your phone out while doing your homework or your revision has been shown to reduce performance by 20%. Even having the phone in your room has been shown to be distracting –so put your phone in another room.

Playing music while revising will make your task harder because any speech-like sounds, even at low volumes, will automatically use up part of the brain's attention capacity.

To Help Prepare for the KS3 Assessments

WHAT to learn



- Use the checklists for each subject to help you divide up your learning over the available time.
- Tick off each part of the list as you complete your work this will help you to keep track of your progress.

WHEN to learn



- Use the schedule to allocate days that are available for learning.
- Discuss this at home so that everyone is aware of the plan.
- Write on the schedule which subjects can be covered on which days.
- Try to allocate the slots evenly for each subject.
- Remember little and often works better than cramming at the last minute.
- Try to use these next two weeks before the Christmas holidays to work through some of the checklists for each subject.

HOW to learn



- Use your flashcards and other self quizzing methods to test your learning. This will help you find out what you already know and what you still have to learn.
- You could try and turn the subject checklists into questions; write out your answers on a file page or ask someone to quiz you at home. Use your notes to find out if you have answered correctly and in enough detail.
- Remember you are not starting from scratch; you have already covered all this information in class and you have learnt the material previously for class tests and homework's.

REVISION SESSIONS AT HOME

Organisation is key.

Have an aim for each session e.g., by the end of this session I will have...

Identify what you already know and the parts you need more time on – self testing will help.

Break all topics into do-able chunks and don't just read at this stage but do something active with it – use the ideas in this booklet.

Short bursts of 20-25 mins are more effective. Your concentration will lapse after an hour. Take short breaks.

Find a suitable, quiet place – refuse to be interrupted or distracted.

#youcandothis #trytrytry

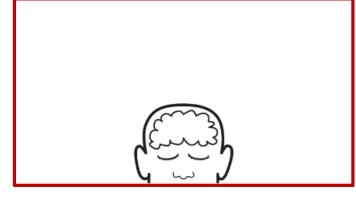
REVISION STRATEGIES

Brain Dump

All that is needed is a sheet of paper and 2 different colours of pens!

- 1. Take a page write 'Brain Drop' at the top and beside it a topic you have been studying e.g., World War 2 in history
- 2. 'Recall' as much information as you can remember about this topic by writing it on the page.
- 3. AFTER this you should use your notes fill in information you have forgotten in a different colour of pen. The information in the different colour of pen can be the information that you focus on learning for the next few days.
- 4. Repeat this activity a few days later and hopefully you will see an increase in the information that you can remember.

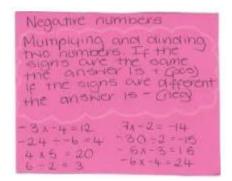
This can be used for almost every subject.



Flash Cards

Writing your class notes in a shorter form either on paper or revision cards or even post it notes.

It can be useful to write down key words, phrases, definitions, or rules you need to learn





Quizzes

We all love a little quiz! A great way to revise is to test yourself. You CAN use your notes to begin.

Firstly, choose a topic to revise e.g., the Ten Commandments in RS or reproduction in biology.

Make yourself a quiz with a separate page containing the answers. There are some multiple-choice quizzes and word searches that you can create online, but a simple pen and paper will work too.

Put the guiz somewhere safe for a week then answer the guestions - check your answers.

You could also do this for a friend and vice versa or ask someone at home to create the quiz and for you to answer.

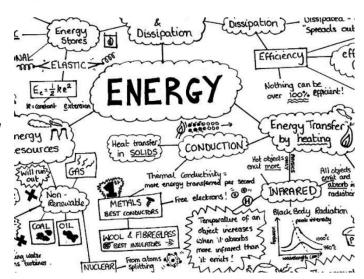
Remember praise yourself both for what you get correct and for the mistakes you make - we learn from making mistakes!

Concept Maps

Sometimes referred to as a mind map and is a visual organisation and representation of knowledge. It shows concepts and ideas and the relationships among them.

You create a concept map by writing key words (sometimes enclosed in shapes such as circles, boxes, triangles, etc.) and then drawing arrows between the ideas that are related.

You can add a short explanation next to the arrow to explain how the concepts are related.

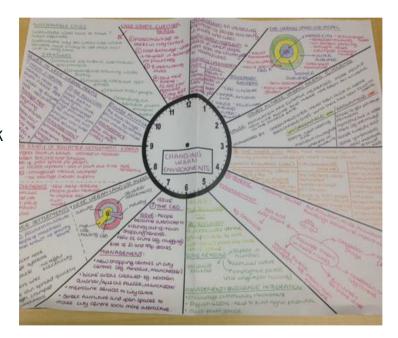


Revision Clocks

A way of revising which can break a topic down into 12 sub-categories.

Make notes in each chunk of the clock.

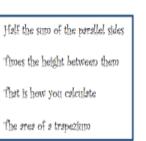
Revise each slot for 5 minutes, turn the clock over and recite back certain sections of the clock. 'e.g., what was in section 2-3'.

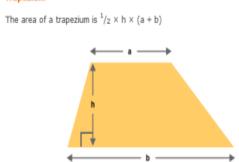


Rhymes

Making up rhymes/songs.

For example, to learn the formula for the area of a trapezium sing the following to the tune of Pop Goes the Weasel





Mneumomics

Make up funny words (Mnemonics) where the letters stand for the key words of a topic.

You can record these on KEY FACTS CARDS or in a revision book. e.g., to memorize the names of the planets:

"MY VERY EDUCATED MOTHER JUST SERVED US NACHOS"

Use the planetary mnemonic where each of the initial letters matches the name of the planets in our solar system (Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune).

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
4pm					
_					
5pm					
6pm					
7pm					
8pm					
Onm					
9pm					

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
4pm					
5pm					
6pm					
7pm					
Own					
8pm					
9pm					

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
4pm					
r					
5pm					
6pm					
7pm					
8pm					
9pm					



History Revision

Topic: What is history?				
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
able to:				
Put events into chronological Order				
Measuring Time/Time Labels				
Name centuries				
Topic: The Normans				
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
able to:				
Explain why there were rivals for the				
throne in 1066				
Describe the events of the Battle of				
Stamford Bridge				
Describe the events of the Battle of				
Hastings and its importance				
Topic: Castles				
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
able to:				
Identify features of Motte & Bailey				
Castles				
Describe attacking and defending				
Motte & Bailey Castles				
Explain the good points and Bad				
Points about Motte and Bailey Castles				
Topic: Stone Castles				
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
able to:				
Label the rooms in a stone keep				
Explain the functions of the rooms in a				
stone keep.				
Siege weapons				



Geography Revision

Topic: Where do I liv	e?		
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Identify map of Northern Ireland –			
counties, loughs and location of			
Belfast			
Identify map of the UK – countries			
and capitals			
Topic: Rivers & Land	scape Processes		
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
The Water Cycle			
Key terms of drainage basin			
Erosion and deposition			
Waterfalls			
Flooding			
Topic: Caring for our	world		
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Comprehension task about pollution			
Topic: Settlement			
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Key terms to learn – urban, rural,			
settlement, market town, an			
industrial town, a port, a resort.			
Basic needs that original settlers			
needed when choosing a site.			
3 types of settlement patterns			



Maths Revision

Topic			
Topic:			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Tally charts			
Frequency Tables			
Pictograms			
Bar charts			
Topic: Whole number	S		
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Change between words and figures			
Place value			
Order whole numbers			
Add, subtract, multiply and divide (inc			
long multiplication and division)			
Topic: Rounding and E	Estimating		
Round to nearest 10,100,1000			
Estimate answers to calculations			
Round to decimal places and			
significant figures			
Topic: Number properties			
Recognise and use: Prime, Square and			
Cube numbers			
Factors			
Multiples			
Square root and cube root			
Product of primes			
Highest common factor (HCF)/ Lowest			
common multiple (LCM)			
Topic: Decimals			
Read and write decimals			
Place values			
Add, subtract, multiply and divide			
with decimals			
Multiply and divide by 10, 100, 1000			
Topic: BIDMAS			
Topic: Units of			
measure			

Identify metric and imperial units for		
Mass, Length and capacity		
Know key terms and abbreviations		
Covert between metric units		
Identify most suitable unit of measure		
for real like contexts.	_	_
Topic: 2D and 3D		
shapes		
Name 2D shapes and list properties		
Name different types of triangles and		
properties		
Name 3D shapes and list number of		
faces, vertices, edges		
Draw net for 3D shapes.		
Congruent Shapes		
Topic: Area and		
perimeter		
Find perimeter of shapes		
Find area of regular and irregular		
shapes by counting squares		
Find area of square, rectangles,		
triangle, parallelogram, kite and		
trapezium		
Area of composite shapes		
Topic: Volume		
Find volume by counting cubes		
Find volume of cubes and cuboids		
Find volume of a prism		
Topic: Negative		
numbers		
Use negative numbers in the context		
of temperature		
Order negative numbers		
Use< and > to compare negative		
numbers		
Find the difference between positive		
and negative numbers		
Add, subtract and multiply and divide		
negative numbers (inc double signs)		
Topic: Times and		
Timetables		
Read digital and analogue time		
Draw time on clock face		
Know units of time and convert		
between them		
Convert between 12hr and 24hr time		



RE Revision

Topic: How the Bible came to us				
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
What is a sacred text/holy				
book?				
Bible facts – Old and New				
Testament/66 books etc				
Types of books in the Bible				
Finding a verse (name of book/chapter verse)				
The story of Mary Jones				
Why is the Bible so important to				
believers?				
Topic: Christmas s	tory			
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
Angel telling Mary of a son				
Shepherds and angels				
Wisemen, Star, gifts				
Real meaning of Christmas /				
Commercial Christmas				
Topic: Jesus' World	d			
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
Label map of Palestine				
Roman control				
What were houses like				
Daily life as a girl/ boy				
Jobs men did				
Sabbath day				
Religious buildings (Temple,				
Synagogue)				
Jewish religious leaders				
Topic: Followers of	f Jesus			
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
12 Disciples				
Mary & Martha				
Nicodemus				
Zacchaeus				
What is an outcast? Examples of				
outcast's today				
What does it mean to be a				
follower of Jesus today?				



Technology Revision

Topic:			
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Safety Rules and Safety Symbols			
Design Process			
Measure			
Hand Tools			
Softwoods and Hardwoods plus wood natural defects – twist, split, knot,			
bow			
Manufactured Boards			
Motion			
Mechanisms			



Music Revision

Topic: Notation			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Know what a treble clef looks like			
Know what a stave is			
Draw notes on the stave			
Know the names of the notes			
Understand the different lengths of			
notes and what they are called			
Follow a simple piece of music			
notation			
Topic: Elements of M	usic		
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Know what each element means			
Listen and answer questions about			
the elements of music			
Identify 8 notes on the piano			
keyboard			



English Revision

Topic: Reading			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Recognise; a simile, a metaphor, repetition, alliteration			
Read and extract key information			
from an unseen text			
Understand the terms audience and			
form			
Topic: Writing			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Success Criteria: You should be able to:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to: Understand the structure of a	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to: Understand the structure of a narrative piece of writing and	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to: Understand the structure of a narrative piece of writing and personal writing (beginning, middle	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to: Understand the structure of a narrative piece of writing and personal writing (beginning, middle and end)	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to: Understand the structure of a narrative piece of writing and personal writing (beginning, middle and end) To demonstrate a range of punctuation and vocabulary Be able to check for accurate spelling,	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to: Understand the structure of a narrative piece of writing and personal writing (beginning, middle and end) To demonstrate a range of punctuation and vocabulary	Notes	Checked	Rechecked



French Revision

- Speaking test conducted by teacher in May before exam week. You will be given 10 questions to prepare answers for in French.
- Reading exam 30 mins revise the <u>English meanings</u> of the key French vocabulary in the topics listed below.
- Writing exam 30 mins revise the <u>French spelling</u> of the key vocabulary in the topics listed below.

Topic:			
Success Criteria: You should be able	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
to:			
Greet someone, give your name, say how you are, ask friend their name and ask how they are			
Numbers 1 to 31			
Brothers and sisters – giving their name and age			
Giving your own age and asking someone else their age			
Classroom objects (un/une/des) and describing a classroom using il y a			
Positive/negative opinions			
Hobbies - saying what you like and don't like to do			
Describing your personality and other people's personalities (including qualifiers eg. assez, un peu)			
Activities – ER verbs (Module 1 Unit 5 e.g. Chanter, bloguer, surfer)			
Saying when your birthday is and asking someone when their birthday is.			
School subjects - opinion phrases and reasons			
School uniform, colours (adjectival agreement)			



Spanish Revision

The Year 8 Spanish summer exams:

- Speaking test conducted by teacher in May before exam week. You will be given 10 questions to prepare answers for in Spanish.
- Reading exam 30 mins revise the English meanings of the key Spanish vocabulary in the topics listed below.
- Writing exam 30 mins revise the <u>Spanish spelling</u> of the key vocabulary in the topics listed below.

Topic:			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Greetings, giving your name, saying			
how you are, asking friend their name			
and asking how they are.			
Describing your personality using			
"soy"			
Numbers to 31			
Discussing your siblings and giving info			
about them (name/age)			
Giving your own age and asking			
someone their age			
Months of year and discussing your			
birthday			
Describing animals / pets			
Saying what you like to do in your free			
time (me gusta + infinitive)			
Using the present tense to discuss			
your free time activities			
Weather phrases			
Sports you do/ play (hacer vs jugar)			
School subjects			
Giving opinions on subjects (Me gusta			
etc)			



ICT Revision

Topic: File Manageme	ent		
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Know the difference between a file			
and folder?			
Know how creating folders help us?			
Know what the DO's are and DON'T's			
of naming files			
Know the benefits of using your			
network area (e.g. gms account)			
Know why you should never save to			
the local side of the computer (e.g.			
desktop/my documents)			
Topic: Health & Safety	y		
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Know what are health and safety			
rules for a computer room?			
Know what could happen if too many			
plugs are plugged into a socket?			
What action should you take if you			
found broken equipment?			
Know what each of the following are			
and how you would prevent them:			
• RSI			
Eye strain			
Sore neck/back			
What are the main safety hazards in a			
computer room?			
Topic: ESafety			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Name ways you can stay safe online?			
What advice would you give to a			
friend who is feeling			
uncomfortable/harassed while			
online?			
Why should you keep your social			
media private/restricted?		ļ	1
What does social media mean?			1
How can you report someone who is			
harassing you online?		ļ	1
What are the top tips to staying safe			
while online?			

14/l 1	TWO		T		
	are the TWO major concerns				
	online safety *clue- they both				
	with the letter 'C'				
Top	Topic: Word Processing				
Succe	ess Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
able	to:				
	do we use to do word				
	ssing?				
-	where the icons are to do the				
follow					
•	Bold				
•	Underline				
•	Change text size				
•	Change font colour				
•	Change the font				
•	Insert a header				
•	Insert a footer				
•	Insert word art				
•	Insert a picture from file				
•	Insert an online picture				
Why v	would you use a heard/footer?				
What	is the difference between a				
heade	er and footer?				
Know	the short cut keys for the				
follow	ving:				
0	Сору				
О	Cut				
0	Paste				
0	Save				
0	Print				
0	Undo				
0	Redo				
0	New document				
0	Spell check				
0	Select all				
	the difference between rows				
and co	olumns on a table				
Top	pic: ESafety (Conte	nt)			
Succe	ess Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
able t	to:				
What	does the term "online				
conte					
	is the dangers of online				
conte	_				
When	we say stay SMART online				
	does SMART stand for?				
Be ab	le to list 3 things that may be a				
	ag that someone isn't being				
	ne online.				
Top	oic: Movie Maker				
_	ess Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked	
able					
		ı	1	1	

What software do we use to create			
videos in school?			
Know the difference between			
audience and purpose			
Why is it always best to gather			
research before carrying out a			
project?			
Know where to find the following			
tools in Movie Maker, understand			
what they are and be able to explain			
what they do:			
Background colour			
 Text colour, font and size 			
Transition/animation			
 Captions 			
Title			
• Credits			
Visual effect			
Topic: Email			
Success Criteria: You should be able	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
to:			
What does email stand for?			
Advantages and disadvantages of			
ama:12			
email?			
Who is the recipient of an email?			
Who is the recipient of an email?			
Who is the recipient of an email? What does CC stand for and what			
Who is the recipient of an email? What does CC stand for and what does it allow you to do?			
Who is the recipient of an email? What does CC stand for and what does it allow you to do? What does BCC stand for and what			
Who is the recipient of an email? What does CC stand for and what does it allow you to do? What does BCC stand for and what does it allow you to do?			
Who is the recipient of an email? What does CC stand for and what does it allow you to do? What does BCC stand for and what does it allow you to do? What should you avoid doing when			
Who is the recipient of an email? What does CC stand for and what does it allow you to do? What does BCC stand for and what does it allow you to do? What should you avoid doing when writing an email?			



Science Revision

Topic:			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Safety and solutions			
Cells			
Particles & Heat			
Human Reproduction			
Elements, Compounds & Mixtures			
Sound			

At the beginning of each booklet there is a list of all the learning objectives for that topic. You should look at these closely and pay particular attention to the objectives that you don't understand. You should still have revision cards or notes that you made throughout the year which will help.

The PowerPoints that were used and some video resources are also available on Google Classroom to help in your revision.

The code is nj5k2z2.

You will have to draw graphs and complete calculations so make sure you bring a **calculator**, **pencil** and **ruler** to your exam otherwise you may miss out on marks.



Home Economics Revision

You will be assessed on all theory units (Unit 1-5).

Topic:			
Success Criteria: You	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
should be able to:			
Explain what Home			
Economics means			
Understand food and kitchen			
hygiene			
Know kitchen and personal			
hygiene			
Safety rules and accident			
prevention			
Difference between a burn			
and a scald			
Identify a range of equipment			
and explain uses			
How to use a cooker			
How to weigh and measure			
8 tips for eating well			
Eatwell Guide			
Nutrients, functions, and			
sources			
Food miles, food in season			
and local food			
Categorise fruit and			
vegetables			
Farm to fork			
Family Life			