



Be Assessment

Achievement for All

SETTING UP FOR EXAMS

Be organised:

- Get files or folders for each subject and start putting important information in at the end of each day.
- You will waste time looking under a mountain of paper for the one you want when you could have spent that time revising.



Make a list of subjects and topics that you need to revise:

 One way of doing this is to get an A3 blank sheet of paper and fold it half, fold it again and again. When you open it, you will have 8 rectangles on each side. At the top of each rectangle write the name of your subject e.g., maths, English, history, Spanish. Then make a list of all the topics you need to revise in each subject e.g., under geography you could have volcanoes, weather, ecosystems, countries of the world.

Start early:

 Sooner you start the less you will have to do each day and the less stressed you will be.

Revision Timetable:

- Make a realistic revision timetable that will work for you.
- Allow time to get this completed it is a good investment of time.
- Ask parents/form tutor to help if you find this difficult.

THE OHIOTOR	1700-1800		1900 - 2000	2000-2100	200-1200
	Rehearsal	MAKE R	EVISION TABLE.	COLOUR TIMETAR	Revision
TUE:	Sidogy Extra ?? Class ??	DEUS EX	GENGRAL STUDIES; Read Calvi & Hobbes	Chelusty De Some	Rest Session
WED:	Rehearsal	Collect old 486!	KTAB	Emash Ch	state *
THUR:	File notes on Aquinas	Revise Bismark &c., &c.	ESSAY FOR R.S.	Revise JKIII Missions	Make Excuse For Bio Result
ERT:	ARTS \$	@ New		Millia breaks	Midson

Equipment:

- Keep all the equipment you need handy e.g. pens, calculator, paper, notebooks, postcards, post-its, flash cards etc.
- Wasting 20 mins looking for a pen is not good use of revision time!







Revision Timetable

It's time to create a revision timetable for yourself Here are some simple steps

- Break up your subjects.
- Think about where you need to focus. ...
- · Be realistic. ...
- Expect the unexpected. ...
- Make your plan.

Don't be over ambitious – break work down into small chunks.

Assess how familiar you are with each topic and focus on your weak areas.

Take breaks, do short (45 minute) sessions often and include fun stuff / rewards – that way you are more likely to stick to your timetable.

Use different colours for different topics.

Remember to keep reviewing what you have revised and testing yourself at the end of the day, the next day and the end of the week - this will help you to recall the information in the exam.

You do not need to study from 9am-10pm; decide which hours of the day you can concentrate best

Mix up your timetable to focus on weaknesses!

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
4pm					
5pm					
6pm					
7pm					
8pm					
9pm					

Time	Saturday	Sunday
10am		
11am		
12pm		
1pm		
2pm		
3pm		
4pm		

HOW TO GET GOOD RESULTS

You can't revise it if you haven't learned it!

Revision is re-looking at information you have learned previously.



'Knowing' depends on understanding and remembering information.

Your attitude is important!

Success is 80% attitude & 20% skill!



Every lesson counts and your attendance is vital!

Go to all lessons and make them work for you – it is not whether you like the teacher or not, whether you find it difficult, whether you find it boring – it is what you are getting out of it that matters.



This is YOUR result.

Regardless of what has happened in the past you can always change your future.





YOU ONLY FAIL IF YOU GIVE UP!

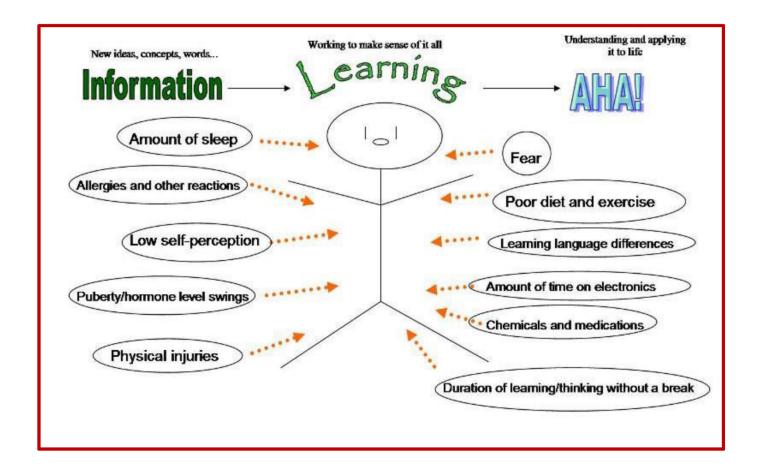
OBSTACLES TO LEARNING



Before you can give your all to your revision you need to think about any obstacles that are in your way of learning.

It could be motivation, time management, lack of a quiet place to work, being unsure of what to do or could be something unrelated to school?

You need to take some time and have a think about what these obstacles could be so that you can try to overcome them to ensure that you are fully prepared for your assessments.



This won't be popular BUT....

Having your phone out while doing your homework or your revision has been shown to reduce performance by 20%. Even having the phone in your room has been shown to be distracting –so put your phone in another room.

Playing music while revising will make your task harder because any speech-like sounds, even at low volumes, will automatically use up part of the brain's attention capacity.

To Help Prepare for the KS3 Assessments

WHAT to learn



- Use the checklists for each subject to help you divide up you're learning over the available time.
- Tick off each part of the list as you complete your work this will help you to keep track of your progress.

WHEN to learn



- Use the schedule to allocate days that are available for learning.
- Discuss this at home so that everyone is aware of the plan.
- Write on the schedule which subjects can be covered on which days.
- Try to allocate the slots evenly for each subject.
- Remember little and often works better than cramming at the last minute.
- Try to use these next two weeks before the Christmas holidays to work through some of the checklists for each subject.

HOW to learn



- Use your flashcards and other self quizzing methods to test your learning. This will help you find out what you already know and what you still have to learn.
- You could try and turn the subject checklists into questions; write out your answers on a file page or ask someone to quiz you at home. Use your notes to find out if you have answered correctly and in enough detail.
- Remember you are not starting from scratch; you have already covered all this information in class and you have learnt the material previously for class tests and homework's.

REVISION SESSIONS AT HOME

Organisation is key.

Have an aim for each session e.g., by the end of this session I will have...

Identify what you already know and the parts you need more time on – self testing will help.

Break all topics into do-able chunks and don't just read at this stage but do something active with it – use the ideas in this booklet.

Short bursts of 20-25 mins are more effective. Your concentration will lapse after an hour. Take short breaks.

Find a suitable, quiet place – refuse to be interrupted or distracted.

#youcandothis #trytrytry

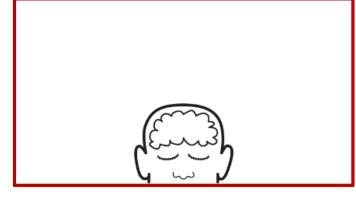
REVISION STRATEGIES

Brain Dump

All that is needed is a sheet of paper and 2 different colours of pens!

- 1. Take a page write 'Brain Drop' at the top and beside it a topic you have been studying e.g., World War 2 in history
- 2. 'Recall' as much information as you can remember about this topic by writing it on the page.
- 3. AFTER this you should use your notes fill in information you have forgotten in a different colour of pen. The information in the different colour of pen can be the information that you focus on learning for the next few days.
- 4. Repeat this activity a few days later and hopefully you will see an increase in the information that you can remember.

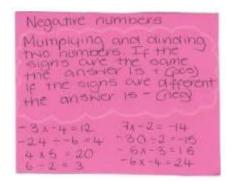
This can be used for almost every subject.



Flash Cards

Writing your class notes in a shorter form either on paper or revision cards or even post it notes.

It can be useful to write down key words, phrases, definitions, or rules you need to learn





Quizzes

We all love a little quiz! A great way to revise is to test yourself. You CAN use your notes to begin.

Firstly, choose a topic to revise e.g., the Ten Commandments in RS or reproduction in biology.

Make yourself a quiz with a separate page containing the answers. There are some multiple-choice quizzes and word searches that you can create online, but a simple pen and paper will work too.

Put the guiz somewhere safe for a week then answer the guestions - check your answers.

You could also do this for a friend and vice versa or ask someone at home to create the quiz and for you to answer.

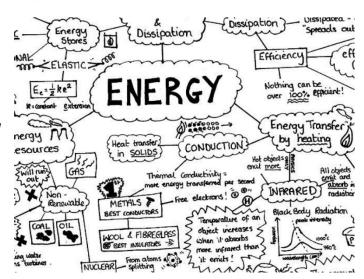
Remember praise yourself both for what you get correct and for the mistakes you make - we learn from making mistakes!

Concept Maps

Sometimes referred to as a mind map and is a visual organisation and representation of knowledge. It shows concepts and ideas and the relationships among them.

You create a concept map by writing key words (sometimes enclosed in shapes such as circles, boxes, triangles, etc.) and then drawing arrows between the ideas that are related.

You can add a short explanation next to the arrow to explain how the concepts are related.

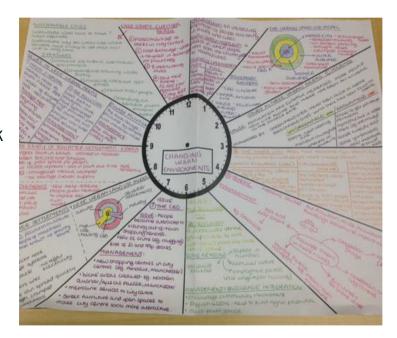


Revision Clocks

A way of revising which can break a topic down into 12 sub-categories.

Make notes in each chunk of the clock.

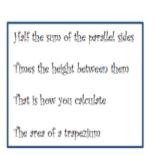
Revise each slot for 5 minutes, turn the clock over and recite back certain sections of the clock. 'e.g., what was in section 2-3'.

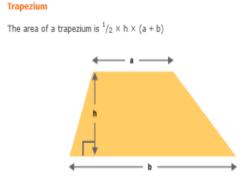


Rhymes

Making up rhymes/songs.

For example, to learn the formula for the area of a trapezium sing the following to the tune of Pop Goes the Weasel





Mneumomics

Make up funny words (Mnemonics) where the letters stand for the key words of a topic.

You can record these on KEY FACTS CARDS or in a revision book. e.g., to memorize the names of the planets:

"MY VERY EDUCATED MOTHER JUST SERVED US NACHOS"

Use the planetary mnemonic where each of the initial letters matches the name of the planets in our solar system (Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune).

Chunking

Chunking involves dividing the information up into smaller units or chunks. These chunks are small pieces of information, closely linked to each other, that have been grouped together and stored in the memory. Here is a template to help you. You can get more of these from your Form Tutor.

Revisit: Chunk Information



4	n
1	v

Question/Topic:

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_	м.	•		u
-			_	_

V _	
	* You could start with the most important or the most difficult to learn.
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	
9.	
10.	

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
4pm					
5pm					
Carri					
6pm					
7pm					
8pm					
9pm					

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
4pm					
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7000					
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8pm					
9pm					

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
4pm					
5pm					
6pm					
7000					
7pm					
8pm					
9pm					



History Revision

Topic: The Reformation	on		
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Luther's complaints about the			
Catholic Church			
Differences between the Protestant			
and Catholic Church			
Protestant countries / Catholic			
countries			
Topic: Henry VIII			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Six wives			
Topic: Elizabeth I			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Make-up			
Reasons why England and Spain were rivals			
Events of the Spanish Armada			
Topic: James I			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
The Gunpowder Plot 1605			



Geography Revision

Topic: Where do I live	?		
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Map of Europe to label countries,			
mountains, and seas			
Topic: Population			
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Population density – sparse and dense			
populations			
Growing populations in cities			
World population growth over time			
Key terms – birth rate, death rate,			
natural increase, natural decrease,			
refugee, asylum seeker, migration,			
emigration, immigration, rural-urban			
migration			
Push & Pull factors of migration			
Multiculturalism			
Extended writing – life as an asylum			
seeker			
Topic: Weather & Clin	nate		
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Measuring the weather			
Weather instruments			
Climate graph interpretation			
Key terms – extreme weather,			
greenhouse effect, climate change,			
global warming			
Causes of climate change			
Explanation of the greenhouse effect			
Benefits and problems of climate			
change			
Draw a climate Graph			
Topic: Tourism - comp	prehension		
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Comprehension – read information			
and answer questions.			



Maths Revision

Topic:			
Success Criteria: You should be able	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
to:			
Read and write coordinates in 4 quadrants			
Find missing coordinate in 2D shapes			
Find midpoint between 2 points			
Topic: Fractions			
Simplifying fractions			
Find equivalent fractions			
Convert between mixed numbers and			
improper fractions			
Add and subtract fractions			
Multiply and divide fractions			
Find a fraction of an amount			
Topic: Percentages			
Find a percentage of an amount (multiples			
of 5 and 10)			
Increase and decrease by a percentage			
Convert between fractions, decimals, and			
percentages			
Topic: Angles			
Angles in a right angle			
Angles around a point			
Angles in a triangle			
Vertically opposite angles			
Angles in a quadrilateral			
Angles and parallel lines			
Topic: Sequences			
Continue a sequence of numbers or			
diagrams			
Find missing terms in a sequence			
Write a sequence, given first term and rule			
Use function machines			
Find the nth term of a sequence			
	rtion		
Topic: Ration and Propo Simplify ratios			
Share an amount in a given ration			
Ratios and fractions			
Work out missing ratios			
Unitary method for proportion			
Sintary inclined for proportion		l	

Topic: Circles		
Label parts of a circle		
Find circumference of a circle		
Find area of a circle		
Find area and perimeter of a semi-circle		
Topic: Algebra		
Write expressions		
Simplify expressions		
Substitution		
Solve problems using algebra (eg		
perimeter)		
Solve one step and two step equations		
Topic: Symmetry		
Types of symmetry		
Draw lines of symmetry		
Reflect shapes in lines of symmetry		
Identify order of rotational symmetry		
Rotations		
Topic: Enlargement		
Identify scale factor of an enlargement		
Enlarge shape given the scale factor (with		
and without centre of enlargement)		
Describe enlargements		
Topic: Translations		
Describe the translations between two		
shapes		
Translate shapes given descriptions in		
words or vector		



RE Revision

Topic: The 7 days of Cres	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
The Genesis story of Creation			1.000000
What was made on each of the 7 days			
A day of rest – Sabbath/Sunday			
,			
What does it mean to be made in the image of God?			
Being unique			
The story of Adam and Eve in the Garden			
of Eve			
What is temptation?			
What is sin?			
Topic: Caring for the env	vironment		
What is stewardship?			
What did God want humans to do in his			
world?			
How are humans damaging the world?			
How we can make things better?			
Topic: The Covenant			
What is a Covenant?			
Abraham – God calls him, Abraham and Lot			
Isaac – The birth of Isaac, The sacrifice of			
Isaac, A wife for Isaac, Esau & Jacob			
Jacob – Jacob and Esau, Jacob's dream,			
Jacob is tricked, Jacob comes home			
Joseph – his family, his dreams, sold as a			
slave, in prison, the butler and bakers			
dreams, Pharoah's dream, meeting his brothers again			
What is forgiveness?			
Who shows forgiveness?			
What causes conflict in families?			
Moses - The baby in the basket			
The Burning Bush			1
How does God speak to people today?			
The 10 Plagues			1
The Passover	1		1
Crossing the Red Sea			
Into the Desert			
The 10 Commandments			+
The value of the 10 commandments today			
The value of the 10 confinantinents loday			



Technology Revision

Topic:			
Success Criteria:	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
Safety Rules and Safety Symbols			
Measurements			
Circles			
Plastics – Thermoplastic			
Plastics – Thermosetting			
Metals – Ferrous and Non-Ferrous			
Properties of materials (Metals)			
Hand tools			
Electronics – Circuit diagrams, general			
circuits, components, soldering,			
conductors and insulators.			



Music Revision

Topic: Recap			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Identify a treble clef, stave, names of			
notes and length of notes			
Listen and answer questions about the			
elements of music			
Know what each element means			
Know Italian terms for tempo and			
dynamics			
Topic: The Orchestra			
Explain how sound is produced			
Draw the layout of the orchestra			
Explain what a conductor does			
Explain what the leader of the orchestra			
does			
Identify what the families of the			
orchestra sound like			
Identify music from The Young Person's			
Guide to the Orchestra and Carnival of			
the Animals			
Explain how sound is produced			
Topic: The Strings			
Identify the 5 instruments in the string			
section by their picture and what they			
sound like			
Identify which string instrument is the			
highest and lowest			
Identify string pieces from music			
Carnival of the Animals – The Donkeys,			
The Swan, The Elephant			
Identify what a bow is			
Identify what pizzicato sounds like			
Topic: Woodwind			
Explain why they are called woodwind			
Identify the 4 main instruments in the			
woodwind section by their picture and			
what they sound like			
Identify which woodwind instrument is			
the highest and lowest			
Know who James Galway is			
Identify woodwind pieces from music			
Carnival of the Animals – The Aviary and			
The Cuckoo			

Identify Gabriel's Oboe and In The Hall of the Mountain King		
Topic: Brass		
Identify the 4 main instruments in the brass section by their picture and what they sound like		
Identify which brass instrument is the highest and lowest		
Recognise a fanfare		



English Revision

Topic: Reading			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Analysing a character from an unseen			
extract			
Identifying a range of language			
features including simile, metaphor,			
personification, alliteration, pathetic fallacy, repetition, style, tone,			
structure.			
Responding to reading response using			
TEA, PEE, PEEL, PQE paragraphs			
Topic: Writing			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Understand and identify a range			
persuasive technique.			
Understand a range of purposes,			
audiences and forms.			
An accurate and confident use of a			
range of Spelling, punctuation and			
grammar.			



French Revision

The Year 9 French summer exams:

- Speaking test conducted by teacher in May before exam week. You will be given 10 questions to prepare answers for in French.
- Reading exam 30 mins revise the <u>English meanings</u> of the key vocabulary in the topics listed below.
- Writing exam 30 mins revise the <u>French spelling</u> of the key vocabulary in the topics listed below.

Tonic			
Topic:			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Sports (Using jouer au/à la/aux)			
Activities you do (+ the verb faire)			
What you like to do (using aimer +			
infinitive)			
Animals			
Colours			
Numbers up to 100 (50,60 etc)			
Family members			
Physical descriptions (hair/eyes etc)			
Where you live			
Rooms in a house			
Breakfast items (including du/de			
la/d'/des)			
Places in a town			
Giving opinions on a town + reasons			
why			
Discussing where you go at the			
weekend			
Inviting somebody out + saying yes/no			
to the invitation			
Ordering drinks and snacks in a café			
Saying what you are going to do (near			
future tense/trip to Paris)			



Spanish Revision

The Year 9 SPANISH summer exams:

- Speaking test conducted by teacher in May before exam week. You will be given 10 questions to prepare answers for in Spanish.
- Reading exam 30 mins revise the English meanings of the key Spanish vocabulary in the topics listed below.
- Writing exam 30 mins revise the <u>Spanish spelling</u> of the key vocabulary in the topics listed below.

Topic:			
Success Criteria: You should be able	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
to:			
School subjects, opinion phrases and			
reasons			
Days of the week/School timetable			
Describing your school (facilities) using			
hay/no hay			
Describing your family – family members			
ages and names			
Numbers up to 100 (40,50 etc)			
Hair and eyes (hairstyle/colour/length			
etc)			
Physical appearance (height etc)			
Describing where you live – type of			
house/ area			
Describing your town – places in a town			
Time			
Ordering in a café – food and drink			
Saying what you are going to do using the			
near future tense			



ICT Revision

Topic: Esafety (Geolocation, Cyberbullying & Online Reputation)

Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
What is geolocation?			
What does geolocation allow you to			
do?			
Name apps that use geolocation			
What is cyberbullying?			
List ways you can stay safe online			
Why is important to keep your social			
media private			
What advice would you give to a			
friend who is feeling			
uncomfortable/harassed while			
online?			
What does digital footprint mean?			
What is the difference between an			
active and passive digital footprint?			
What impact could a negative digital			
footprint have for young people in			
the future?			
Advice you could give to someone on			
how they should behave online to			
ensure they have a positive digital			
footprint.			
Topic: Effective Prese	ntations		
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
What software do we use to create			
presentations in school?			
Name 5 things that make a good			
presentation? E.g. Colourful			
Why is it important to plan a			
presentation on paper before you			
create it on a computer?			
Why is it important to carry out			
research?			
In a presentation, the font size should			
be at least?			
What does the term audience mean?			
What does the term purpose mean?			
Remember the key facts about			
creating an effective presentation.			
Topic: Cloud based sto	orage		

Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
What is cloud computing?			
ICloud is an example of a cloud			
storage provider, can you give more			
examples?			
Examples of apps that make use of			
cloud storage			
What are the benefits of cloud			
computing?			
What are the drawbacks of clo0ud			
computing?			
What is the benefit of sharing a			
google doc with someone?			
How do you save a Google Doc?			
What can you see/do when you use			
Manage Versions on Google Drive?			
Topic: Memory & Sto	rage		
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Define storage			
Know the order of unit of			
measurement e.g. bit, byte, kilobyte,			
megabyte etc			
List the factors that affect storing			
data			
What is the difference between			
primary and secondary storage with			
examples e.g. RAM, ROM & USB,			
Hard drive			
Topic: Spreadsheets			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
What program/software do we use to			
create spreadsheets in school?			
Why would you use a spreadsheet?			
Know where to find the following			
tools on Microsoft Excel:			
Wordart			
Borders			
Merge			
Know the definitions of the following:			
Cell reference			
• Column			
• Row			
Formula bar			
Worksheet			
Know the four different formula you			
can use along with their symbols			
Know the five different functions you			
can use along with their definitions			
can use along with their delimitions			



Science Revision

Topic:			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Plant Biology			
Simple Chemical Reactions			
Light			
Electricity & Magnetism			
Food and Health			
Acids & Alkalis			

The PowerPoints that were used, revision lists and some video resources are also available on Google Classroom to help in your revision. The code is nj5k2z2.

You need to bring a calculator, pencil and ruler to your exam otherwise you may miss out on marks.



Home Economics Revision

Topic:			
Success Criteria: You should be	Notes	Checked	Rechecked
able to:			
Equipment & uses			
Food preparation skills – knife skills,			
meat preparation, rolling and shaping			
pastry			
Health and safety – rules, food			
poisoning			
Nutrients – job / function and best			
food sources			
Food choices – Nutritional needs of			
different groups of people			
Being an informed consumer – goods			
and services, food packaging			
information			
Breakfast – importance of healthy			
choices			
Multi-cultural food			
Home and family			