

APPROVED BY BOARD OF GOVERNORS: 18/03/2025

DATE TO BE REVIEWED: MARCH 2029



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<u>Section 1: Statutory Context & Guidance</u>

Introduction

At Belfast Model School for Girls we acknowledge that bullying type behaviour exists in schools and wider society and can impact on the lives, mental health, and well-being of those involved. This policy aims to help create, maintain, and embed a culture where everyone agrees that bullying type behaviour is unacceptable.

In Belfast Model School for Girls we believe that safeguarding our students is paramount and the responsibility of all stakeholders. We promote a safe, inclusive, and relational school environment where concerns of bullying type behaviour may be shared and addressed, and where students are supported within the context of Article 19 Measures to Prevent Bullying, Education (NI) 2003 and the 2016 Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (N.I.) (see appendix 1).

The purpose of this policy is to:

- define bullying type behaviour
- summarise rights, roles and responsibilities
- explain preventative measures
- clarify processes used for reporting, recording, and responding
- outline monitoring and review processes

The policy is applied where concerns of alleged bullying type behaviour between students have been reported. For other concerns regarding bullying type behaviours please refer to the school complaints procedures or associated policies which are aligned DE Circular 2016/08 Public services ombudsman (NI) Act).

Ethos and Values

Positive Behaviour for Learning

It is the aim of the school to provide a working environment where all students can realise their full potential in a calm, supportive and stimulating learning environment.

- 1. Students learn more effectively and enjoyably when there is a sense of order and the behaviour around them is polite and reasonable.
- 2. By making the expectations of good behaviour explicit the school can create a positive atmosphere that supports effective, personalised learning.
- 3. Students must be taught to understand the advantages of good behaviour in pursuit of supportive and positive relationships with others both now and into the future.
- 4. Staff and students must share the responsibility for ensuring that health and safety obligations are not jeopardised by unacceptable behaviour.
- 5. Students with more complex needs will receive additional intervention and support as appropriate.

We at Belfast Model School for Girls recognise the uniqueness of every pupil and celebrate the diversity of all children and young people within our community. Therefore we:

- We are committed to a society where children and young people can live free and safe from bullying type behaviour.
- We believe that every child and young person should be celebrated in their diversity.
- We are committed to a preventative, relational and restorative ethos.
- We value, respect and consider the views and contributions of children, young people and the wider school community.
- We acknowledge the fundamental dignity of each person and aim to promote respect for self, for others, the school, the wider community, and the environment.
- We endeavour to equip all students with the self-confidence and skills which will enable
 them to make informed and responsible choices in life and appreciate the value of the
 contribution they can make to society.
- We believe students have a right to be educated in an atmosphere in which they feel valued, secure and supported by each member of the community, regardless of race, religion, ethnicity, gender or sexual orientation
- The values of the School through our 'Model Way' emphasise respect for each individual and encourage tolerance and openness. By its nature, bullying type behaviour is contrary to these values and is unacceptable.

Links to Other Policies

This policy should be read in conjunction with SEND, Safeguarding, Inclusion, and the wider suite of Pastoral Care policies available on the school website or from the school office by request. These policies include but are not limited to:

Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy	Staff Code of Conduct/Staff Handbook
Student Attendance Policy	(Positive) Behaviour Policy
Health and Safety Policy	Online Safety Policy
Special Educational Needs Policy	Educational Visits Policy
Relationships and Sexuality Education	Pastoral Care Policy
Equality and Inclusion	Visitor Policy

Consultation

We value and respect the views and contributions of our school community. Therefore, as part of this policy development and review, and in compliance with Article 19 of the 2003 Education (NI) Order and the 2016 Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (N.I.), we have consulted with students, parents/carers, and staff.

- Student consultation involved:
 - 1. Student assemblies in relation to Addressing Bullying in Schools
 - 2. Student questionnaire feedback
 - 3. Student Voice focus groups and workshops across all year groups
 - 4. Anti-Bullying Ambassadors sharing of draft policy
 - 5. Sharing of ABSIT pupil guide
 - 6. PASS data information
 - 7. EWTS (Emotional Wellbeing team in schools) baseline data
- Parents & carers consultation involved:
- 1. Questionnaire feedback from parents parent voice
- 2. Sharing of draft policy with a focus group of parents across all year groups
- 3. Sharing of EA ABSIT parent guide feedback
- Staff consultation involved:
- 1. Staff survey feedback staff voice
- 2. Sharing of draft policy
- 3. Staff leve1 ABSIT training to raise awareness to inform draft policy
- 4. Staff focus group across Leader of Learning Pastoral and Leader of Learning Curriculum

<u>Section 2: What is Bullying Type Behaviour?</u>

'The Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (N.I.) 2016' provides schools with a legal definition which **must** be used by all schools to assess reported concerns of bullying type behaviour.

Addressing Bullying in Schools Definition of "bullying"

- (1) In this Act "bullying" includes (but is not limited to) the repeated use of—
- (a) any verbal, written or electronic communication,
- (b) any other act, or
- (c) any combination of those, by a student or a group of students against another student or group of students, with the intention of causing physical or emotional harm to that student or group of students.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), "act" includes omission.

TRIP

While the legal definition, as set out in the Act, is the primary definition, we also use the mnemonic **TRIP.** This helps to build a shared understanding across our school community of the difference between socially unacceptable and bullying type behaviour.

Socially unacceptable behaviour becomes bullying type behaviour when, after clarifying facts and perceptions, **TRIP** is confirmed:

T	When the behaviour is TARGETED at a specific pupil or group of students.
R	When the behaviour is REPEATED over time.
Ι	When the behaviour is deliberately INTENDED to cause harm.
Р	When the behaviour causes PSYCHOLOGICAL/EMOTIONAL and/or PHYSICAL harm.

While an 'imbalance of power' has not been included in the legal definition, the Board of Governors have agreed to incorporate this criterion to help determine if bullying type behaviour was targeted. An 'imbalance of power' is present when someone seen with lesser power, is identified as an object of negative attention. It will be used to validate and confirm the final TRIP decision.

Although incidents usually involve **repetition**, a **one-off incident** may be classified as bullying type behaviour through consideration of the following criteria.

- severity and significance of the incident (See appendix 4)
- evidence of pre-meditation
- psychological/physical impact of the incident on the individuals and/or wider school community
- previous relationship(s) between those involved.
- any previous incident(s) involving the individuals.

A **one-off electronic communication** can constitute bullying type behaviour through repeated viewing and unwanted sharing of a post.

The 2016 Act requires school to consider whether a pupil(s) **intended** to cause harm when determining if the incident(s) meets the legal definition. In this school, we will consider the following when assessing **TRIP**.

The pupil(s):

- capacity to regulate and understand the impact of their behaviour
- developmental age
- additional, educational, special, physical, or medical needs
- behaviours displayed/presenting profile (diagnosed or undiagnosed e.g. Social Behaviour Emotional Wellbeing, Autism, Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder, Moderate Learning Difficulties etc.)
- individual circumstances e.g. trauma profile, safeguarding concerns, family circumstances and resilience

Omission will be considered when addressing bullying type concerns. This is where a pupil(s) is or are wilfully excluded from a game, activity or group work etc causing potential **psychological harm**. Students do not have to be friends in this school, but friendly.

Language

We recognise that all behaviour is communication and should be addressed through a learner centred lens for those who display *and* experience socially unacceptable or bullying type behaviour. We will address all behaviour in a relational, solution focused manner aligned to Safeguarding and SEND.

When discussing allegations of bullying type behaviour, we use language that is aligned to the Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (NI) 2016, and other relevant legislation and guidance (see appendix 1). We refer to the behaviour not the pupil and use the following:

- pupil displaying bullying type behaviour rather than the 'bully'.
- pupil experiencing bullying type behaviour rather than the 'victim'.
- socially unacceptable behaviour rather than 'bad behaviour' or 'serious/gross misconduct etc'

Any incident(s) which do not meet the legal definition and TRIP criteria will be addressed under the Positive Behaviour, Special Educational Needs, Child Protection, Safeguarding, Pastoral and Inclusion and Diversity policies. (Please see the parent and pupil guides in appendix 6).

Journey To and From School

The Act outlines a statutory requirement for schools to implement measures to prevent and address bullying type behaviour for pupils whilst travelling *to and from school*. To this end, in our school we:

- Address safeguarding concerns reported in relation to travel to and from school.
- Provide timely support and intervention.
- Assign staff to support a structured, supervised transition at the beginning and end of the school day
- Implement a support plan when required to address individual needs, regulation and vulnerabilities.
- Reinforce positive and upstanding behaviour expectations through the preventative curriculum.
- Engage with student voice about experiences on the journey to and from school.
- Promote and develop a culture where all pupils respect the rights of others to travel safely.
- Communicate consistently the expectation to include and respect individual rights and diversity.
- Ensure effective communication with transport providers (e.g. Translink, EA Transport, etc.) for early identification and response to reported concerns.
- Provide reporting mechanisms for school and the local community to report concerns. confidentially eg: contacting the school by email, telephone or face-to-face.

Electronic Communication

The Addressing Bullying in Schools Act enables school to take steps to help prevent and address online bullying type behaviour involving registered students during term time. We acknowledge that negative online behaviour occurring either in or out of school hours, can harm a pupil's education and emotional well-being, and we will support affected individuals. At Belfast Model School for Girls school we are committed to supporting our pupils to use the internet safely, responsibly, and respectfully.

The Addressing Bullying Policy is one of several school policies that address electronic behaviour and are reviewed in response to technological developments. As such, follow up is aligned to the wider policy suite.

In Belfast Model School for Girls we aim to prevent electronic bullying type behaviour by:

- Addressing key themes of electronic online behaviour and risk through curriculum content.
- Engaging with and using resources from statutory and voluntary sector agencies (e.g. Safeguarding Board NI, PSNI, Public Health Agency, Safer Schools App) to support the promotion of key messages and online safe digital use.
- Participating in Safer Electronic/Online/Cyber Campaigns to promote key messages.
- Addressing reported safeguarding concerns in relation to the misuse of electronic communication and provide timely support and intervention.
- Providing reporting mechanisms for school and wider community to report concerns confidentially e.g. safeguarding email address, 'whisper button'
- Creating, agreeing and implementing an Acceptable Use Agreements see DE Circular 2016/27
- Ensuring all staff regularly have on-line safety training

Section 3: Methods and Motivations of Socially Unacceptable or Bullying Type Behaviour

The following are methods of socially unacceptable behaviours which, when *targeted*, *repeated*, *intentional* and causing *psychological/physical* harm, may be considered as bullying type behaviour:

Physical Acts	Physical - negative physical contact, material harm such as damaging or taking possessions without permission
Verbal or Written acts	Verbal or written - unpleasant comments, written, verbal, gestures.
Social/Relational	Negatively influencing the actions of others to cause psychological or physical harm
Omission (Exclusion)	Excluding someone/others from e.g. game, activity, group work etc
Electronic Acts	Misuse of online platforms or other electronic communications to cause psychological upset

(Please note the list is not exhaustive)

Our school acknowledges various motivations for bullying type behaviour which we address through our preventative curriculum and responsive approaches. This includes all identity or prejudice motivated bullying type behaviour related to those characteristics protected through Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998. Motivations include but are not limited to:

Ability	 Economic Status/FSM
• Age	 Gender/Gender identity/Perceived
Appearance	Gender
 Child Looked After (CLA)/Care 	 Newcomer/Migrant Status
experienced	 Peer relationship breakdown
 Community background 	 Political affiliation/sectarianism
Cultural	Race
 Disability 	Religion
• SEN	Sexual orientation
 Family circumstances (pregnancy, 	• Other
marital status, young carer status)	

Section 4: Rights, Roles and Responsibilities

In this school, we believe that all members of our school community have the right to be educated in a safe, supportive, learning environment. We acknowledge that all members of our community have a role to play and responsibility to prevent and address bullying type behaviour.

Please see appendix 5 which is a table of identified rights, roles, and responsibilities and/or schools should list below any general rights, roles and responsibilities of staff (including teacher and support staff), pupils and parents agreed within the school setting.

The following staff have been assigned specific responsibility within their role for oversight of the implementation of the Addressing Bullying Policy and associated practices aligned to Safeguarding and SEND legislation. They will support the Principal and Board of Governors with the ongoing review processes.

Flow chart detailing procedure for dealing with an addressing bullying in schools concern

If there are concerns about bullying type behaviour in the school



Contact the Form Tutor in the first instance



If there is still a concern speak to the Leader of Learning Pastoral/Senior Key stage Lead



If there is still a concern contact the Designated/Deputy Teacher or LSCo/SENCO



If there is still a concern contact the Pastoral Vice-Principal



If there is still a concern contact the Principal



If there is still a concern contact the Chair of the Board of Governors

Section 5: Preventative Measures

The Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (N.I.) 2016, requires schools to focus on preventative measures to help reduce bullying type behaviours. The focus of this section is to set out the approaches taken by our school to help prevent bullying type behaviour effectively.

In Belfast Model School for Girls we scaffold and promote a positive, relational learning environment where all members of the school community feel safe, included and valued. Our preventative measures help avoid bullying type behaviour and contribute to support plans for pupils. They are evident in all domains of school life and include, but are not limited to

Whole School

- SEND, Addressing Bullying, Positive Behaviour, Safeguarding, Pastoral Care, Inclusion & Diversity policies
- Visible school ethos e.g. essential agreements, displays, visual cues, celebrations, positive expectations
- Positively framed, agreed and communicated Rights, Roles & Responsibilities for all school community members
- Peer/Student Leadership Teams
- Adults modelling self-regulation, inclusive language and positive relationships
- Restorative Practice approaches embedded through staff training and complimentary resources
- Steps to Wellbeing (Post-Primary Take 5 Steps HSCT)
- Trauma Informed Principles
- Celebration of diversity, equity and inclusion
- Shared education projects, events, assemblies, key campaigns e.g. Rights Respecting School kindness day, anti-bullying week
- Wellbeing assessment data e.g. GL PASS

Classroom

- Curriculum: PDMU/LLW/RSE (curriculum map could be included in appendices)
- Structured form/class-meeting time to promote belonging, connection and positive relationships
- Cross-curricular activities
- E-safety and digital citizenship
- Social Emotional Learning
- Circle-time/connect and nurture strategies
- Sensory Room
- Relevant literature and resourcing exploring related concepts and themes e.g. empathy, inclusion, diversity, problem-solving, relationships, resilience etc.
- Social thinking/skills training programmes
- Friendship Education -year 8 Conference
- Collaborative Learning/Problem Solving and Conflict Resolution
- Agile groupings and seating arrangements
- Online apps and resources

Non-Classroom

- Supervision and transition arrangements e.g. including buses
- Peer Mentoring strategies
- Social and extra-curricular opportunities
- Professional Development/Training (including for non-teaching and supervision staff)
- Play/art and other therapeutic approaches
- Designated safe/quiet/reflective/nurture /activity zoned spaces
- Enhanced structure during unstructured times e.g. breakfast club, jobs, lunchtime clubs, homework clubs
- Structures to facilitate reporting concerns e.g. confidential wellbeing reporting link, designated email, concern boxes etc

Peer Support

- Student Leadership e.g. student council, wellbeing ambassadors, prefects, antibullying ambassadors, peer mentors, attendance ambassadors etc
- Students trained and supported by staff regarding roles, responsibilities
- Peer mentoring programme
- Circle of Friends
- Peer Mediation/Problem Solving

<u>Professional Development of Staff</u>

In Belfast Model School for Girls we recognise the need for effective, updated, and ongoing training for all staff within our preventative measures. As such, we are committed to:

- ensuring that all staff and Governors complete relevant Safeguarding, Child Protection, SEND and Addressing Bullying in Schools training, including those provided by the Education Authority.
- reviewing and amending the content of the Addressing Bullying Policy following training, complex case review or as directed by Department of Education.
- keeping and regularly updating continued professional development records.

To this end:

- All our teaching and support staff have completed the EA Addressing Bullying in Schools Level 1 online training as part of this policy review.
- Key leadership staff have completed EA Addressing Bullying in Schools leadership training.
- All our teaching staff have completed additional in school workshops on e.g. systems and processes, prevention and/or effective responses, anti-bias
- All members and/or lead Governors with overall responsibility for the development and review of the Addressing Bullying Policy have completed EA Addressing Bullying in Schools training

Section 6: Statutory Systems and Processes for Reporting, Responding and Recording.

As a school we recognise that reporting a concern of bullying type behaviour can be difficult. For this reason, we have systems in place to enable pupils, parents, and any other person to share concerns discreetly and efficiently with a trusted adult. All concerns of bullying type behaviour will be responded to in line with legislative processes as outlined in this policy.

Pupils Reporting a Concern:

Pupils may report bullying type concerns in the following ways:

- Verbally sharing with a staff member
- By writing a note to a staff member
- By sending an email to a teacher using their GMS account
- By posting a concern into the student concern box. Please note anonymous reports are more challenging to follow up and put support and interventions in place.

All pupils are encouraged to share concerns regarding socially unacceptable or bullying type behaviour that they experience, display or witness. They should not view this as 'telling' but rather 'talking about concerns' with the emphasis on 'getting help'.

Parents/Carers or Others Reporting a Concern:

In the first instance, parents/carers or others report concerns to their child's Form Tutor in one of the following ways:

- Speaking with the Class/Form Teacher/other identified staff through agreed channels e.g. by requesting a telephone call back via the school office
- By writing a note to a Class/Form Teacher
- By sending an email to a Class/Form Teacher

Please note, we do not advise parents to send confidential information regarding concerns of bullying type behaviour to the general school email address.

Should you continue to have concerns following contact with your child's form tutor, please contact the Leader of Learning/Senior Key Stage Lead/Senior Teacher/Vice Principal/Principal (see page 9 above)

Please note in the first instance teaching and support staff including teaching assistants, lunchtime supervisors, office staff etc should also report any concerns directly to the students Form Tutor in a timely manner as above.

Responding to and Recording a Bullying Type Concern

It is the responsibility of all staff (including teachers, teaching assistants, wider support staff, office staff, supervisors etc) to report any bullying type of behaviour concerns. All allegations of bullying type behaviour will be responded to using the Statutory Process Flowchart (see appendix 2) recorded digitally on a Bullying Concern Assessment Form (BCAF) Chart (see appendix 3) and stored on the school data management system. Records will be maintained in line with our Data Protection Policy in a folder within central records, with some documents password protected to control access.

Upon receipt of a concern of bullying type behaviour, designated staff will:

- Clarify facts and perceptions.
- Check records and previous assessments.
- Collaboratively assess the incident using the T.R.I.P. criteria (Record on BCAF Part 1).

Where bullying type behaviour has been confirmed and in consultation with pupils involved and their parents/carers. Designated staff (Leaders of Learning Pastoral/Senior Keystage Leads) will ensure that parts 2-4 of the BCAF are completed:

- Identify methods and potential motivating factors (Record on BCAF Part 2).
- Identify relevant level of support and intervention (Levels 1-4).
- Select appropriate support and interventions (see appendix 4) for all pupils involved (Record on BCAF Part 3a for the pupil experiencing and 3b for the pupil displaying).
- Ensure selected approaches are aligned to and in the context of wider safeguarding, SEND,
 Equality and diversity, and positive behaviour policies.
- Implement, track, monitor and record effectiveness of supports and interventions (BCAF Part 3).
- Review outcome of interventions (Record on BCAF Part 4).
- Select and implement further interventions as necessary.
- Based on the level of progress, revisit BCAF Parts 3a and 3b or proceed to case closure.

Where bullying type behaviour has not been confirmed and in consultation with pupils involved and their parents/carers. Designated staff (Leaders of Learning Pastoral/Senior Keystage Leads) will ensure that part 1b of the BCAF is completed:

- Identify relevant level of support and intervention (Levels 1-4).
- Select appropriate support and interventions (see appendix 4) for all pupils involved (Record on BCAF Part 1b).
- Ensure selected approaches are aligned to and in the context of wider safeguarding, SEND, Equality and diversity, and positive behaviour policies.
- Implement, track, monitor and record effectiveness of supports and interventions (BCAF Part 1b).
- Review outcome of interventions (Record on BCAF Part 1b).
- Select and implement further interventions as necessary.

Please note details of support and intervention plans cannot be disclosed to anyone other than that pupil and their parents/carers.

Section 7: Monitoring and Review of Policy

The Act places responsibility on the Board of Governors, in consultation with the principal, to monitor the effectiveness of the Addressing Bullying Policy. To this end, the Board of Governors will:

- maintain a standing item on the agenda, under Safeguarding, where a report on bullying type behaviour is presented by the principal (see appendix 7).
- appoint a lead Governor to liaise with the principal eg: Mrs Valerie Ingram
- minute the number of incidents including methods, motivations and how they were addressed
- identify trends and patterns to inform future policy and practice development and review.
- record written responses to relevant pupils, parents/carers when appropriate.

The Addressing Bullying Policy will be reviewed in consultation with all school community stakeholders:

- at intervals of no less than four years or when there are changes to legislation
- following any complex incident which highlights the need for such a review,
- when reviewing other associated policies, such as the Safeguarding Policy and the Positive Behaviour Policy
- in response to a recommendation by the Education and Training Inspectorate
- following new guidance as directed by the Department of Education.

A copy of this policy is available online at belfastgms.org. Parents/carers can also request a hard copy by contacting the school office on 028 90718111

Appendix 1:

The Legislative Context:

Anti-discrimination laws applicable in Northern Ireland (Equality Commission, 2024)

The Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (Northern Ireland) 2016

Public Services Ombudsman Act (Northern Ireland) 2016

The Children's Services Cooperation Act (Northern Ireland) 2015

The Education (School Development Plans) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2010

The Special Education Needs and Disability Order (Northern Ireland) 2005

The Special Educational Needs and Disability Act (Northern Ireland) 2016

https://www.legislation.gov.uk/nia/2016/8/contents

The Education (Northern Ireland) Order 1998

The Education and Libraries Order (Northern Ireland) 2003 (A17-19)

The Northern Ireland Act 1998 Section 75

The Human Rights Act 1998

The Children (Northern Ireland) Order 1995

The Health and Safety at Work Order (Northern Ireland) 1978

The Policy & Guidance Context

Implementing Trauma Informed Approaches in Northern Ireland and Executive Summary (QUB and SBI, 2024)

CCEA Relationships and Education Resource Guidance (2024)

ETI Safeguarding Proforma (ETI, 2023)

Nurture Group Provision Guidance for Schools (DE, 2023)

Draft Consultation: Consultation on the Statutory Guidance On The Reduction And Management Of

Restrictive Practices In Educational Settings In Northern Ireland (DE, 2023) DE, DoH & DoJ

Children and Young Peoples Emotional Health and Wellbeing in Education Framework (DE, 2021) DE/DoH

A Life Deserved: Caring for Children and Young People in Northern Ireland (DOH and DE, 2021)

Suspensions and Exclusions for Pupils in Northern Ireland (DE Circular, March 2021)

Model Equality and Inclusion Policy and Guidance (EA, 2020)

Resource File for Children with Special Educational Needs (DE, 2020)

<u>Guidance on Identifying and Supporting Learners with Social, Emotional and Behavioural Difficulties</u>

(CCEA, 2020)

Mental health care systems (SBNI, 2019)

The Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 Statutory Guidance for Schools and Boards of Governors (DE, 2019)

Putting Care into Education (DE, 2018)

Safeguarding and Child Protection in Schools: A Guide for Schools (DE, 2017)

Safeguarding Board for Northern Ireland Policies and Procedures (SBNI, 2017)

<u>Co-operating to Safeguard Children and Young People in Northern Ireland (Dept. of Health, Social Services</u> and Public Safety, 2016)

Miss School = Miss Out Improving Pupil Attendance Strategy (DE, 2016)

Pastoral Care in School: Promoting Positive Behaviour (DE, 2001)

Every School a Good School DE 2009 https://www.education-ni.gov.uk/articles/every-school-good-school-esags

The International Context

United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC)

Tο:

- Be protected from all forms of physical or mental violence, injury or abuse, maltreatment or exploitation (A.19)
- Be protected from discrimination (A, 2)
- Express their views, in a supported and accessible way, on issues that affect them, and to have their opinions taken seriously (A.12);
- Education. (A.28)

Appendix 2: Statutory Process Flowchart (Draft to be updated Aug 2024)

Statutory Process Flow Chart SUPPORTING PUPILS WHO EXPERIENCE OR DISPLAY BULLYING OR ALLEGED BULLYING TYPE BEHAVIOURS Learner Behaviour reported as alleged Bullving Type Behaviour to identify and addressneed. Maintain clear chronological records - If a young person is educated off-site, ensure effective sharing of information for accountability Ensure all support complies with relevant legislation and guidelines such as: The Children (NI) Order (1995), Code of Practice (1996), Centred Freedom of Information Act (2000), Pastoral Care in Schools: Promoting Positive Behaviour (2001), Welfare and Protection of Pupils ELB (NI) Order (2003), SENDO (2005), The Education (SDP) Regulations NI 2010, SEN Resource File (2011), SEND Act (NI) (2020), Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (NI) (2016), EOTAS Centre's Guidance in the Use of SIMs (2017), GDPR (2018), Safeguarding and Child Protection in Schools: A Guide for Schools (2020), A Fair Start Report (2021), CYPS Emotional Health and Well-being Strategy (NI) (2021), Guidance on Approach with Remote Learning (2022), Revised PEP (2023), Guidance on Parental Responsibility (2023) etc. Process to be followed support pupil and In every case when an alleged bullying type of concern is raised a record must be kept e.g BCAF and should be attached as nt to a digital record (e.g. SIMS or C2k Private Folder) multi-disciplinary Gather information regarding the current incident and review records of previous incidents. parent/carer voice listened to, valued, and reflected A record must be kept of the assessed outcome aligned to the legal definition/criteria: TRIP (targeted, repeated, intentional, psychological, or physical harm) e.g BCAF part 1. individualised, Addressing Bullying Policy Positive Behaviour Policy Key staff assess the information gathered against the criteria Record/BCAF Parts 1 indicates criteria for Record on BCAF Parts 1 and 2 indicates derived from the legal Bullying Type Behaviour has NOT been met. criteria for Bullying Type Behaviour HAS definition -TRIP/one off. been met. Engage with parent(s) and supporting agencies to deliver timely, Inform parent. agree support plans for pupils involved-If YES, follow AB Policy Complete a support plan/Part 3 BCAF If NO, follow SBEW Select, implement, and record Policies individualised, solution-focussed, Select, implement, and record individualised, solution-focussed, interventions and responses to socially unacceptable behaviour. effective interventions and responses to bullying type behaviour. Update Support Plan /BCAF Maintain records. All behaviour is Ensuring that within the SEND COP, appropriate behaviour and support Schools must ensure interventions and processes are Part 3a that behaviour is implemented effectively using for example Emotional Health & Wellbeing Consult with Parents / Carers to agree 5 analysed, supported, and responded to consistent with all pastoral policiessupport for the pupil experiencing the Framework bullying type behaviour. Update Support Plan/BCAF SEN. CP, PB, Nurture, SENCO/LSCo pastoral lead, to consider EHWB, SG rather than sanction-led. initiation of PLP, PEP, RRAP, Calm Plan. Part 3b Consult with Parents / Carers to agree UNOCINI etc to address presenting SBEW strategies for pupils displaying bullying and type behaviour. Update Support Plan / **BCAF** schools Track, monitor & assess progress aligned to SEND COP, to determine the efficacy of the interventions & outcomes for all publis Enhanced Accountability for BoG, involved, whether displaying or experiencing socially unacceptable or bullying type behaviours. Ongoing review of support plans, interventions and/or Parts 3 & 4 in consultation young people and parents/carers, to achieve agreed Consider timely Outcomes used to Review & digitally Consider timely Review & digitally record referral to inform summary record OUTCOMES referral to CYPSP CYPSP agencies OUTCOMES reporting to BOG. on BCAF Part 4 agencies to support plan. Update BCAF to support plan. Update records. The duty of the Board of Governors is to: Ensure that incidents of bullying type behaviours feature as a standing item on every agenda. Oversee reported incidents of bullying or alleged bullying type behaviour involving a registered pupil at the school Analyse statistics and patterns of alleged or confirmed incidents of bullying type behaviour and respond with agile policy review detailing the preventative curriculum to address changing needs.

Appendix 3: Bullying Concern Assessment Form (BCAF)

Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 defines bullying as follows:

"bullying" includes (but is not limited to) the repeated use of —

- (a) any verbal, written or electronic communication
- (b) any other act, or
- (c) any combination of those,

by a pupil or a group of pupils against another pupil or group of pupils, with the intention of causing physical or emotional harm to that pupil or group of pupils.

Member of Staff completing BCAF (LOL)	
Incident Date	
Incident	Comments

	Name(s)	Gender	DOB	Year/Reg	Stage on Code Of Practice
Person(s) reporting concern					
Name of pupil(s) experiencing alleged bullying behaviour					
Name of Pupil(s) demonstrating alleged bullying behaviour					
Check records for previously recorded incidents					

Outline of incident(s): Attach all written accounts/drawings of incident(s) completed by targeted pupil, witnesses (i.e. other pupils, staff) including date(s) of events, if known, SIMS record.

Date	Information gathered	Location (stored)

Socially unacceptable behaviour becomes bullying behaviour when, on the basis of the information gathered, the criteria listed below have been met: The school will treat any incident which meets these criteria as bullying behaviours. Comment Is the behaviour intentional? YES/ NO YES / Is the behaviour targeted at a specific pupil or group of pupils? NO Is the behaviour repeated? YES/ NO Is the behaviour causing physical or YES/ emotional harm? NO Does the behaviour involve omission? YES/ (*may not always be present) NO

One-off Incident

When determining whether a one-off incident may be classified as bullying, the school shall take into consideration the following criteria and use the information gathered to inform and guide the decision making process:

Criteria:	Information gathered:
severity and significance of the incident	
evidence of pre-meditation	
Significant level of physical/emotional impact on individual/s	
Significant level of impact on wider school community	
Status/nature of previous relationships between those	
involved	
Records exist of previous incidents involving the individuals	

YES the above criteria have been met and bullying behaviour has occurred.	NO the above criterial have not been met and bullying behaviour has not occurred.
Proceed to complete Part 2 of this Bullying Concern Assessment Form	Proceed to Complete Part 1b and Part 2
Concern Assessment Form	Refer to the Positive Behaviour Policy of your school, continue to track and monitor to ensure the behaviour does not escalate.
Agreed by	
Status	
On//	

PART 1b: Criteria for Bullying Type Behaviours HAS NOT been met.

Who was targeted by this behaviour?			
Select one or more of the following:			
☐ Individual to individual 1:1 ☐ Individual to group ☐ Group to individual ☐ Group to group			
In what way did the bullying type behaviour present?			
Select one or more of the following:			
Physical (includes for example, jostling, physical intimidation, interfering with personal property, punching/kicking Any other physical contact which may include use of weapons) Verbal (includes name calling, insults, jokes, threats, spreading rumours) Indirect (includes omission, isolation, refusal to work with/talk to/play with/help others) Electronic (through technology such as mobile phones and internet) Written Other Acts Please specify:			
Motivation (underlying themes): this is not a definitive list			
Select one or more of the following:			
Age Appearance Cultural Religion Political Affiliation Community background Gender Identity Sexual Orientation Family Circumstance (pregnancy, marital status, young carer status) Looked After Status (LAC) Peer Relationship Breakdown Disability (related to perceived or actual disability) Ability Pregnancy Race Not known Other			

RECORD OF SUPPORT AND INTERVENTIONS

See Appendix 1: Effective Responses, Support, and Intervention Levels 1 & 2

Date	Pupil Name	Intervention	Outcomes of Intervention	Review

Continue to track interventions until an agreed satisfactory outcome has been achieved

Date of Review:
To what extent have the success criteria been met?
☐ 1 – Fully
2 – Partially
☐ 3 – Further intervention/support required
Give details:

PART 2: Criteria for Bullying Type Behaviours HAS been met.

2:1 Who was targeted by this behaviour?
Select one or more of the following:
☐ Individual to individual 1:1 ☐ Individual to group ☐ Group to individual ☐ Group to group
2.2 In what way did the bullying behaviour present?
Select one or more of the following:
Physical (includes for example, jostling, physical intimidation, interfering with personal property, punching/kicking Any other physical contact which may include use of weapons) Verbal (includes name calling, insults, jokes, threats, spreading rumours) Indirect (includes omission, isolation, refusal to work with/talk to/play with/help others) Electronic (through technology such as mobile phones and internet) Written Other Acts Please specify:
2.3 Motivation (underlying themes): this is not a definitive list
Select one or more of the following:
Age Appearance Cultural Religion Political Affiliation Community background Gender Identity Sexual Orientation Family Circumstance (pregnancy, marital status, young carer status) Looked After Status (LAC) Peer Relationship Breakdown Disability (related to perceived or actual disability) Ability Pregnancy Race Not known Other

Part 3a (A separate form must be completed for each student)

RECOR	D OF SUPPOR	T AND INTERVENTION	NS FOR PUPIL EXPERIENCE	ING BULLYING BEHAVIOUR:		
Pupil Name: Y			Year Group/Class:			
See Append	dix 1: Effective Respo	nses, Support, and Intervention	Levels 1 - 4			
Parent/	carer informed	l:	Date:	By whom:		
Staff Inv	volved:					
Date	Stage on Code of Practice	Intervention	Success Criteria	Action taken by whom and when	Outcomes of Intervention	Review
Record Pupil:	d of participation	on in planning for inte	rventions			
Parent	/carer:					
	Agencies:					
Continue	e to track interve	entions until an agreed	satisfactory outcome has bee	n achieved		

Part 3b (A separate form must be completed for each student)

RECORD OF SUPPORT AND INTERVENTIONS FOR PUPIL DISPLAYING BULLYING BEHAVIOUR:						
Pupil Name:			Year Group/Class:			
		Support, and Intervention L				
Parent/	carer informed:		Date:	By whom:		
Staff Inv	volved:					
Date	Stage on Code of Practice	Intervention	Success Criteria	Action taken by whom and when	Outcome of Intervention	Review
Record	l of participation in	nlanning for interv	ventions			
Record of participation in planning for interventions Pupil:						
Parent/carer:						
Other	Agencies:					
Continue to track interventions until an agreed satisfactory outcome has been achieved						

PART 4 - REVIEW OF BULLYING CONCERN AND ACTIONS TO DATE					
Date of Review N	leeting:				
4a- Following the	Review Meeting, to what extent have the success criteria been met?				
☐ 1 – Fully					
2 – Partially					
☐ 3 – Further int	ervention/support required				
Give details:					
Part 4b- If the su	ccess criteria have not been met, continue to:				
☐ Re-assess	Level of Interventions and implement other strategies from an appropriate level				
☐ Track, monitor and review the outcomes of further intervention					
☐ Keep under	☐ Keep under review the Stage of Code of Practice each pupil is on				
☐ Follow Safe	☐ Follow Safeguarding Policy				
Seek multi-agency input (EA, Health and Social Services etc.)					
☐ Engage with Board of Governors					
Agreed by:					
School	Print Name:				
	Role:				
	Signed: Date:				
Parent	Print Name:				
	Signed:				
	Date:				
Pupil Print Name:					
	Signed:				
	Date:				

Appendix 4: Effective Responses, Support, and Intervention Levels 1 & 2 This list is not exhaustive and supports implemented are specific to each individual pupil.

Level 1: Interventions at Level 1 are designed to support pupils experiencing and/or displaying socially unacceptable or bullying-type behaviours. These interventions should be taken forward while listening to, supporting, and strengthening relationships with and between the pupils involved.

- Schedule a solution focussed meeting with parents/carers of the child experiencing or displaying
- Review SEND CoP and the potential requirement for PLP to address needs e.g. SBEW, ASD, MLD, ADHD
- Refer, align and link to existing support plans e.g. Pupil Learning Plan (PLP), Risk Reduction and Action Plan (RRAP), Risk Assessment and Management Plan (RAMP), Child Looked After Personal Education Plan (PEP) etc
- Explore the concept of bullying type behaviour through resources e.g. ABSIT Information Leaflets and High Five resources
- Co-create, agree, and implement a Calm Plan focused on identifying signals of dysregulation and any potential triggers
- Co-create, agree, and implement a Seeking Help Plan (ERtBB)
- Complete and/or review additional assessments to build a picture of SBEW needs e.g GL PASS, Boxall
- Use of specific verbal cues, affective statements e.g. High Five Journal
- Use visual reminders of positive expectations
- Explore friendship as a concept
- Develop social skills/stories and additional emotional literacy sessions
- Enhance structure during unstructured time e.g. clubs, jobs, supervised safe spaces, zoned areas, breakfast clubs etc.
- Explicitly teach positive expectations
- Explore additional opportunities to build empathy and kindness e.g. High Five Resources, Roots of Empathy, Restorative Approaches, Hopeful Minds
- Use play, art, or other therapeutic approaches
- Make alternative arrangements for travelling to and from school (ER+RR)
- Play group games to encourage positive interactions and inclusion
- Create activities, clubs, and events to grow social communication skills
- Review specific incident using ABC (Antecedent, Behaviour, Consequence) chart
- Review transition planning and pupil support across phases, year groups, schools
- Use 'Circle of Friends' activity (ERtBB)
- Use circle time/connect and nurture strategies
- Use reflective scripts and approaches to respond, resolve and restore wellbeing e.g. Restorative Question prompts, Worth a rethink activity, Rights Respecting script (ERtBB)
- Other. Select further supports and interventions other resources e.g. SEN Resource File, High Five Hub Resources (Primary) Boxall, Nurture, Emotional Health and Well-being Framework, Trauma Informed, IES Newcomer Good Practice Guidance, Putting Care into Education etc.

Level 2: Interventions at Level 2 are in addition to those at Level 1 but may involve a shift from individual support to group or whole class interventions. The need for group work around behaviour, could reflect potential escalation and a wider impact.

- Assign key adult(s) to facilitate ongoing group engagement, check-ins, and reflection
- Consider access to nurture support, post primary well-being hub etc to support SBEW needs
- Review SEND CoP and the potential requirement for PLP to address needs e.g. SBEW, ASD, MLD, ADHD
- Refer, align and link to existing support plans e.g. Pupil Learning Plan (PLP), Risk Reduction and Action Plan (RRAP), Risk
- Assessment and Management Plan (RAMP), Child Looked After Personal Education Plan (PEP) etc
- Scaffold pupil experience to help build new relationships/ friendships e.g. flexible groupings, seating plans. See 'Good Practice Advice & Guidance for Schools Receiving Newcomers Including Pupils Seeking Asylum' document
- Create, agree, and embed additional positive group expectations and routines
- Use restorative practices, group mediation and conflict resolution approaches (ERtBB)
- Use role plays, narrative/social stories, and problem-solving scenarios to identify, practice and model appropriate social skills
- Use SMART(E) targets (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, Timebound and Evidence-based) for adult monitoring, to ensure increased 'felt' safety and connection for all pupils
- Introduce further group interventions focused on emotional wellbeing/literacy, resilience, e.g. High Five approaches, social thinking programmes, Apps, cards, Blob Tree exercise etc.
- Partner with positive role model(s) to reaffirm socially acceptable and upstander behaviour
- Provide access to School Counselling or other therapeutic service
- Provide opportunities for pupils to experience additional responsibility, building sense of belonging and self esteem
- Consider referral to community-based organisations e.g. mentoring programmes
- Build group awareness of bystander and upstander behaviours
- Create a visual reminder of group expectations and routines, e.g First and Then
- Use reflective scripts and approaches to respond, resolve and restore wellbeing e.g. Support Group Method, solution focused approach (ERtBB)
- Consider referral to Family Support Hub
- Consider referral to EA services for advice
- Develop a support network to scaffold pupil(s) in school e.g. supportive adults around the pupil, seek help/support
- Facilitate intervention sessions regarding on-line behaviour and safety e.g. resources on SBNI hub and Safer Schools App
- Introduce enhanced social skills sessions to scaffold positively framed expectations and routines
- Introduce further group interventions focused on emotional wellbeing/literacy, resilience, e.g. High Five approaches, social thinking programmes, Apps, cards, Blob Tree exercise etc.
- Use targeted small group circle time, Circle of Friends (ERtBB)
- Other. Select further supports and interventions from Level 1 strategies or other resources (see Leve1 for list)

Effective Responses, Support, and Intervention Levels 3 and 4

This list is not exhaustive and supports implemented are specific to each individual pupil.

Level 3: Interventions at Level 3 are in addition to those at levels 1 and 2 and address bullying type behaviour that may be more sustained, complex and with increased risk to those involved.

Responses at this level are led by Senior Pastoral,

Safeguarding and SEND staff working with pupils, parents/carers, and relevant agencies to agree supports under review.

- Arrange and contribute to a multi-disciplinary meeting to inform ongoing support and intervention with allied professionals
- Avail of nurture support, post primary well-being hub etc to support SBEW needs
- Review SEND CoP, update PLP to address SEND/SBEW needs, and consider emergency Annual Review as appropriate
- Refer, align and link to existing support plans e.g. Pupil Learning Plan (PLP), Risk Reduction and Action Plan (RRAP),
- Risk Assessment and Management Plan (RAMP), Child Looked After Personal Education Plan (PEP) etc
- Schedule regular check-ins with a trusted adult or supportive adults around the pupil
- Use multi-stage strategies and approaches with groups and/or individual pupils e.g. PIKAS method of Shared Concern (ERtBB)
- Complete, agree and share a Risk Reduction Action Plan (RRAP) in the context of other support planning e.g. CSE or Forensic RAMP, PLP, UNOCINI etc
- Complete a referral and engage with external agencies to facilitate an agreed intervention programme
- Consider/make additional referral to community-based organisations e.g. CYPSP Partners, mentoring programmes
- Use restorative conferences, prepared restorative conversations, one to one restorative session templates and/or adapted restorative questions for students with complex needs
- Facilitate additional one to one session focusing on emotional wellbeing/literacy/resilience
- Contact EA services for further advice and guidance
- Facilitate additional one to one intervention programme to teach and model the importance of empathy and kindness towards others
- Facilitate additional one to one session with a focus on selfregulation and social communication
- Facilitate intervention sessions regarding on-line behaviour and esafety e.g. see resources on SBNI hub and Safer Schools App
- Make reasonable adjustments to support de-escalation, inclusion, and pupil SEND/SBEW needs
- Provide opportunities to work one to one with a supportive adult
- Provide targeted support to scaffold appropriate friendships/relationships
- Refer to Education Welfare Service where attendance is impacted and EWS thresholds are met
- Complete a referral and engage with EA services to facilitate an agreed intervention programme
- Other. Select further supports and interventions from Level 1 and 2 strategies or other resources e.g. SEN Resource File, High Five Hub Resources (Primary) Boxall, Nurture, Emotional Health and Wellbeing Framework, Trauma Informed, IES Newcomer Good Practice Guidance, Putting Care into Education etc.

Level 4: Bullying type behaviours assessed at Level 4 are complex, significant, and involve a threat to the safety and welfare of the pupils involved. Incidents at this level must be assessed in relation to the risk posed to any/all the pupils involved. As such, the school's Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and procedures must be applied. Responses continue to be led by Senior Pastoral, Safeguarding and SEND staff working with pupils, parents/carers, relevant agencies, and Board of Governors to agree supports and implementation. Interventions at level 4 are in addition to those in levels 1-3.

- Continue in the context of multi-agency advice and planning to reflect, respond, resolve, and restore in relation to ongoing concerns, with trusted adult(s) and/or mentor(s)
- Review Risk Reduction and Action Plan and implement strategies to prevent triggers impacting
- Review SEND CoP, update PLP to address SEND/SBEW needs and initiate emergency Annual Review if appropriate
- Refer, align and link to existing support plans e.g. Pupil Learning Plan (PLP), Risk Reduction and Action Plan (RRAP), Risk Assessment and Management Plan (RAMP), Child Looked After Personal Education Plan (PEP) etc
- Ensure compliance with current DE guidelines and safeguarding requirements when considering suspension based on risk with the understanding that school must plan for inclusion
- Initiate/review Child Sexual Exploitation Risk Assessment and Management Plan (RAMP)
- Initiate/review of Child Looked After Personal Education Plan (PFP)
- Refer to EA services for specialised support e.g. CPSS for advice.
- Refer to external agencies for further specialised support e.g.
 GP, CAMHS, Family Support Hub, PSNI etc
- Refer to Independent Counselling Service for Schools (ICSS)
- Refer to relevant investigative agencies e.g. PSNI, HSCT, Gateway etc
- Complete a UNOCINI.
- Further review bullying type concerns alongside other school policies including Safeguarding and Child Protection, Positive Behaviour, Reasonable Force and Safe Handling, Inclusion and Diversity, and SEND Policies that are aligned to current legislative guidance
- Evaluate need for specialist provision or exceptional circumstances to aid ongoing support and intervention
- Other. Select further supports and interventions from Levels 1-3 strategies or other resources e.g. SEN Resource File, High Five Hub Resources (Primary) Boxall, Nurture, Emotional Health and Wellbeing Framework, Trauma Informed, IES Newcomer Good Practice Guidance, Putting Care into Education etc.

Appendix 5: Rights, Roles & Responsibilities

We believe that all members of our school community have the right to a safe, supportive, learning environment. We all have a role and responsibility to prevent and address bullying type behaviour.

Staff Pights Poles & Responsibilities	Children & Young People's	Parent/Carer's
Rights: To work in an environment that promotes a culture of mutual respect, equality of opportunity and inclusion. Safe and secure working environment with appropriate training to meet the needs of the young people in their care. Emotional health and wellbeing promoted and supported by colleagues. Access to ongoing PD including Addressing Bullying in Schools Act 2016, Addressing Bullying Policy, legislative processes & systems to report, record and respond to all allegations/incidents of bullying type behaviour and wider SBEW training. Informed, consulted on, and 'have a say' within Addressing Bullying Policy review, preventative curriculum content, support/intervention plans and procedures. Kept informed and updated in relation to children and young people's progress and wellbeing. To know the identified individual needs (including SEND and medical needs) of the young people in their care and the support plans to address these needs. Participate in decision making processes that concern them — safeguarding, support/intervention plans (BCAF, IEP, RRAP, SEWB Plan), preventative curriculum strategies and behaviour reflection.	 Rights: Emotional health and wellbeing promoted and supported through a preventative curriculum which includes: 3C programme, Learning for Life and Work, Personal Success and Wellbeing, King's Trust, Wellbeing Wednesday's, induction programmes and extra-curricular programmes. Adaptations are made on a needsled basis. Respected and included within a safe, diverse school community, where they are valued, listened to, and acknowledged by all. Following our 'Model Way' of Ready, Respectful and Safe. Have equal opportunities and effective partnerships for positive learning and social experiences with school staff, children, and young people. To have access to support and interventions to address verbal, emotional, psychological, and physical socially unacceptable/bullying type behaviours. Readily available school safeguarding and SEND policies including Addressing Bullying Policy, clear understanding outlining processes/systems to report, record and respond to allegations/incidents of Bullying Type Behaviour. Access to pastoral staff to share concerns and discuss appropriate and timely support and intervention, which incorporate SEN, Nurture, Trauma Informed approaches and Restorative Practices etc. Relational and solution focused support whether displaying or experiencing socially unacceptable/bullying type behaviour. Individual needs to be addressed through the suite of pastoral/safeguarding policies. Timely referrals to EA services (e.g. EWS, LITs, CPSS, Educational Psychology) and external organisations, support groups and agencies (e.g. CAMHS, Family Hub, G.P., PSNI, HSCT etc) to address BTB when and where appropriate. Opportunities for involvement in peer support and/or mentoring. 	Rights: Their child/young person receives a quality learning experience. Their child/young person is taught in a relational, nurturing, and safe environment. Their child/young person is treated fairly and with respect. Model Way – Ready, Respectful, Safe A school environment that promotes effective partnerships and positive relations with school staff. Readily available school safeguarding and SEND policies including Addressing Bullying Policy, clear understanding outlining processes/systems to report, record and respond to allegations/incidents of Bullying Type Behaviour. Consulted regarding school policies including Addressing Bullying Policy development and review processes. Kept informed and updated about their child's/young person's progress, wellbeing, relevant needs/concerns and/or instances as outlined in the Addressing Bullying Policy. Participate in decision making processes that concern their child/young person – support/intervention plans (BCAF, IEP, RRAP, SEWB Plan), preventative curriculum strategies, behaviour reflection and external supports accessed. Listened to, valued, respected, and responded to sensitively, in a timely manner as outlined in the Addressing Bullying Policy.

Staff	Children & Young People's	Parent/Carer's
Rights, Roles & Responsibilities cont'd	Rights, Roles & Responsibilities cont'd	Rights, Roles & Responsibilities cont'd
Roles & Responsibilities:	Roles & Responsibilities:	Roles & Responsibilities:
 Roles & Responsibilities: Safeguard and promote the welfare of all children and young people. Encourage socially acceptable behaviour within an inclusive, empathetic whole school environment. Create opportunities to celebrate success, diversity, and equality to create a positive ethos. Plan and deliver an ongoing preventative curriculum, which is updated to address need. Act in a professional manner to model, teach and develop children/young people's interpersonal and emotional skills. Undertake Addressing Bullying in Schools training and support as part of PD. Co-develop, implement, and promote your Addressing Bullying Policy to enable easy access for all clear understanding of processes/systems for all and an opportunity to seek clarification from Pastoral lead staff if necessary. Review your Addressing Bullying Policy with all stakeholders within your school community, at least every 4 years or in response to concerns raised/need. Keep digital records of Bullying Type Behaviour allegations and incidents using the Bullying Concern Assessment Form (BCAF). Build effective partnerships and positive relations with and between children, young people, parents/carers and staff (including explicit approaches to connect with vulnerable and hard-to-reach families). Take timely and appropriate action to address children, young people, parent/carer, and staff concerns. Use relational and evidence informed approaches e.g. SEN, Nurture, Trauma Informed and Restorative Practice etc to support all interventions for both those displaying and experiencing socially unacceptable/bullying type behaviour. Address individual needs through the suite of pastoral/safeguarding/SEND policies. Work in partnership with and make timely referrals to EA services (e.g. EWS, LITs, CPSS, Educational Psychology) and external organisations, support groups and agencies (e.g. CAMHS, Family Hub, G.P., PSNI, HSCT etc)	 Report allegations and/or bullying type concerns via the designated channels and platforms e.g. talk to a trusted adult or through confidential digital platforms. Request and engage with appropriate support both within and outside school via e.g. the designated staff member as outlined in the Addressing Bullying Policy. Contribute to learning and personal development targets on the e.g. BCAF, SEWB Plan, PLP, RRAP with support. Endeavor to constructively engage with reflection, support and intervention offered. Act in a respectful, kind, empathetic manner i.e. Pupils don't have to be friends with everyone but have to be friendly. Reflect on, assess, and review individual progress with school staff, parents/guardians, and external supports in context of appropriate support plans e.g. BCAF, Calm Plan, PLP, RRAP. 	 Roles & Responsibilities: Raise concerns with staff in a timely and appropriate manner, using the school's reporting system as outlined in their Addressing Bullying Policy. Respond timely to staff communications regarding bullying type concerns. Attend support and intervention meetings to agree next steps and plans moving forward. Support the implementation of agreed plans e.g. BCAF, SEWB Plan, PLP, RRAP. Communicate directly with school using agreed channels, respecting the needs and confidentiality of all involved. Encourage their child/young person to model the school's ethos and values. Engage with wider services and agencies to support you child or young person as required. Refer any concerns regarding the school management of bullying type concerns through the school complaints procedure.



Addressing Bullying Type Behaviour in Schools 😢 ea 🗫 💮



PARENT GUIDE

What is Bullying Type Behaviour?

The Addressing Bullying in Schools Act 2016 (NI)

Bullying type behaviour exists in all communities including schools To respond to this, a new law commenced on 1st September 2021 in Northern Ireland. It provides schools with one legal definition to assess all reported alleged incidents of bullying type behaviour in schools.

The law states that in all schools:

"Bullying" includes, but isn't limited to, repeated verbal, written or electronic communication, by a pupil(s) against another pupil(s) that is intended to cause physical or emotional harm. This also includes leaving someone out on purpose."

To support a relational and solution focused approach, we no longer use the words 'bully' or 'victim

> instead we talk about: 'pupil displaying bullying type behaviour'
> AND 'pupil experiencing bullying type behaviour'.

Behaviour that does not meet TRIP is referred to as socially unacceptable

Whether socially unacceptable OR bullying type behaviour, school will support all young people involved to address the behaviour effectively.

When is it Bullying Type Behaviour?



When a concern of bullying type behaviour is shared, staff will clarify facts, perceptions and the individual needs of all pupils involved.

Staff will assess the reported incident using TRIP criteria and identify appropriate interventions aimed at repairing relationships.

Socially unacceptable behaviour becomes bullying type behaviour when, on the basis of the information gathered, TRIP criteria are confirmed:

Targeted

When the behaviour is TARGETED at a specific pupil or group of pupils.

Reneated

When the behaviour is REPEATED over a period of time.

Intentiona

When the behaviour is deliberately INTENDED to cause harm.

Psychological/Physical

When the behaviour causes PSYCHOLOGICAL, EMOTIONAL or PHYSICAL harm.

A significant One-off Incident can be considered bullying type behaviour if included in the school policy e.g. where a digital communication has been intentionally shared widely to cause harm.

Signs that my child could be experiencing bullying type behaviour

Your child may behave differently or show some of the following signs if experiencing bullying type behaviour



Preventative Measures

Schools aim to create and maintain a safe, nurturing, learning environment. Measures are put in place to protect and support those children and young people experiencing or displaying bullying type behaviour to tackle the problem effectively.

All members of the school community have a responsibility to prevent and address bullying type behaviour, whether in person and/or online, as outlined in the school Addressing Bullying Type Behaviour Policy.

School staff work with pupils, parents and carers to agree a relational, solution focused plan to support those experiencing the behaviour and a separate plan for those displaying the behaviour

The legislation enables schools to address online bullying type behaviours occurring outside school, and/or on the journey to and from school where there is impact on the child's learning.

What should I do if my child is experiencing bullying type behaviour?

- · Stay calm, listen and reassure your child.
- · Report concerns to school staff directly.
- Agree a support plan with staff and your
- · Review and amend the plan with your child and school staff in response to outcome at agreed intervals.

How do I report my concern?

- Reporting procedures are outlined in your school policy. Report your concern as soon as possible
- · Arrange an appointment to meet pastoral staff
- Outline details of your concern and give staff time to gather information and consider supports.

Details of concern are shared

Staff record the concern electronically e.g. may complete a Bullying Concern Assessment Form (BCAF) for all pupils

Behaviour assessed against the legal definition and TRIP criteria activated. Parents/Carers informed.

Legal definition of bullying type behaviour NOT met

Legal definition of bullying type behaviour IS met

Socially unacceptable behaviour is supported using e.g. Positive Behaviour Policy and safeguardi Policy.

Bullying type behaviour is supported using Addressing Bullying in School

Relational supports for all pupils involved are agreed, implemented, tracked and reviewed to determine if the situation has improved or if further support is required that may involve other agencies.

Parents and carers can access the school's Complaints Policy on the school website or on request from the school office.

Be aware that only the Northern Ireland legal definition applies to our schools. Further information and advice.













Imbalance of Power, Motivation and Methods

Imbalance of Power

When TRIP is fully evidenced, schools can consider the non statutory, imbalance of power, as a criteria to confirm their decision.

Motivation

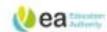
Bullying type behaviour in school usually involves a breakdown in peer relationships. Motivation can be related to vulnerable, or minority groups based on e.g. race, religion, gender identity, sexual arientation, (dis)ability, age, appearance, child looked after (CLA), community background, cultural, family circumstances and political affiliation

Method

Bullying type behaviour can present as relational, verbal or physical and can take place online or offline.



Addressing Bullying Type Behaviour in Schools 🙏 ea



POST PRIMARY

What is Bullying Type Behaviour?

The Addressing Bullying in Schools Act 2016 (NI)

Bullying type behaviour exists in all communities including schools. To respond to this, a new lew commenced on 1st September 2021 in Northern Ireland. It provides schools with one legal definition to assess all reported elleged incidents of bullying type behaviour in schools.

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To support a relational and solution focused approach, we no longer use the words 'builty' or Victim'.

instead we talk about: 'pupil displaying builying type behaviour' AND pupil experiencing bullying type behaviour".

Behaviour that does not meet TRIP is referred to as socially anacceptable

Whether socially unacceptable Oil builting type behaviour, school will support all young people involved to address the behaviour effectively.

When is it Bullying Type Behaviour?



When a concern of bullying type behaviour is shared, staff will clarify facts, perceptions and the individual needs of all pupils involved.

Staff will assess the reported incident using TRP criteria and identify appropriate interventions aimed at repairing relationships.

Socially unacceptable behaviour becomes bullying type behaviour when, on the basis of the information gethered, TRIP criteria are confirmed:

Targeted

When the behaviour is TARGETED at a specific pupil or group of pupils.

Repeated

When the behaviour is REPEATED over a period of time

When the behaviour is deliberately INTENDED to cause herm.

Psychological/Physical

When the behaviour causes PSYCHOLOGICAL, EMOTIONAL or PHYSICAL harm.

A significent One-off Incident can be considered builying type behaviour if included in the school policy e.g. where a digital communication has been intentionally shared widely to cause harm.

Why does bullying type behaviour happen? Bullying type behaviour in school usually involves a breakdown in peer

relationships. Motivation can be related to vulnerable, or minority groups based on e.g. roor, religion, gender identity, sexual orientation, (disjoidity, age, appearance, child looked after (CLA), community background, cultural, family circumstances and political affiliation.

How might builting type behaviour present? Builting type behaviour can present as relational, verbal, or physical and can take place online and offline

Imbalance of Power
When essessing a concern, schools can consider if some pupils involved spear more powerful than others.

What to do if you need help?

Speak to a family member, Form Tutor, Head of Year, Head of Partoral Care or other safe adult who will listen and agree a support plan.



Keep a record of what's been going on. Report inappropriate online communication to the social media company and block the user. Don't



Identify apportunities to meet new friends. Try marring, lunch or after school activities.

for may want to contact a free, confidential helpline e.g. Childline 0600 11 11



fou have done the right thing in coming forward.

Focus on the positives in your life. Celebrate your unique quelides.

find healthy ways to relieve stress such as exercise, meditation, positive self-talk, join a sports club and do things you enjoy.



Other things to do in school: Speak to your student council about setting up a peer support scheme; or a student diversity, equity and inclusion committee.



What will happen when I report my concern?

Pupils can report concerns confidentially. Staff will support concerns relationally in line with statutory guidance.

Concerns are reported to school staff.

Staff gather information and record the concern digitally e.g. they may use a Builying Concern Assessment Form (BCAFL

The legal definition and TRIP criteria Carers consulted.

Bullying type behaviour identified and

supported using the school Addressing Bullying Policy.

Solution orientated supports for all pupils involved agreed, implemented,

tracked and reviewed to determine if the situation has improved or if further

support is required that may involve other agendes.

Legal definition

of bullying type behaviour NOT

met.

Socially

unacceptable

identified is

supported.

using Positive

Legal definition

of bullying type

behaviour IS

Behavlour.

Safaguarding

and Pertoral

Policies.

If a friend shares that they are being bullied?

Thank your friend for trusting you and laten without interruption

Mirroring. Focus solely on what you are being told and show you are listening without giving your

Use Body Language, e.g. nod, make eye contact to show you are

Ask questions and don't rush the conversation as it is important that your friend feels heard and supported.

Approach a staff member if you are concerned about your friend's safety and wellbeing. Encourage them to speak to an appropriate while.

Be aware that only the Northern Ireland legal definition applies to our schools. Further information and advice.















- Children and Young Propositio Stratterio. Fartzwishle ICYPSPI

Addressing Bullying in Schools Act (NI) 2016: Reporting to Board of Governors Pro-forma

Reporting timeframe and date e.g. Term 1 2024-25 ___ Staff member reporting _ Date of meeting Number of allegations of bullying type behaviour Number of cases that did not meet TRIP criteria Number of cases that met TRIP criteria Identified **methods** of **confirmed** bullying type behaviour and number of each e.g. Physical - 3 Potential motivation for bullying type behaviour and number of each identified e.g. Racism - 2 Support and interventions in place for both pupils displaying and experiencing bullying type behaviour. (Yes/No) Emerging trends identified and how these are being responded to. Areas identified as priority for School Development Planning.

Appendix 8

STEP 1 -

Concern is raised

Member of staff receiving the concern listens and shares the concern with the Form Tutor.

Form Tutor refers concern to the LOL.

LOL

- · Complete BCAF Part 1
- Inform parents
- · Save BCAF in ABSIT LOGS folder
- · Email SKS LOL and VP Pastoral
- Administrative staff adds to Addressing Bullying Log

PROCESS OF RECORDING BULLYING TYPE CONCERNS

THE SCHOOL SCHOO



STEP 2 -

Assess the concern

Review of the information to assess the concern against the legal definition/criteria – TRIP/One-off incident.

VP/SKS LOL/LSCo

Decision is confirmed.

Criteria for Bullying Type Behaviours **HAS NOT** been met:

V

LOL

- Inform administrative staff to update Addressing Bullying Log
- Parental meeting may be required

Criteria for Bullying Type Behaviours **HAS** been met:

SKS LOL/LSCo

- Complete BCAF Part 2
- Update LOL
- Inform administrative staff to update Addressing Bullying Log
- Parental meeting is required

STEP 4 - Monitor and Review Concern

Criteria for Bullying Type Behaviours **HAS NOT** been met:

Review actions to date.

LOL

- Review of action to date, record on BCAF Part 1b
- Inform administrative staff to update ABSIT Log

Criteria for Bullying Type Behaviours **HAS** been met:

LOL reviews actions to date and in collaboration with SKS LOL, determines if the success criteria from part 3a and 3b have been met.

Success criteria has been met:

LOL

- Complete BCAF Part 4a
- Inform administrative staff to update ABSIT Log

If the success criteria have not been met complete section 4b of the review documentation and involve further multi-agency input and engagement with the board of governors.

STEP 3 - Respond to the concern

Criteria for Bullying Type Behaviours **HAS NOT** been met:

÷

Response to socially unacceptable behaviour.

LOL

- Interventions and supports mapped out, recorded and reviewed using BCAF Part 1b
- Additional interventions/support plans saved in BCAF folder

Criteria for Bullying Type Behaviours **HAS** been met:

• Response to bullying type behaviour.

SKS LOL/LSCo

- Interventions and supports mapped out, recorded and reviewed using BCAF Part 3a and b.
- Additional interventions/support plans saved in BCAF folder
- RRAP required if physical harm on self or others
- · Inform administrative staff to update ABSIT Log

Please note this will involve pupils, parents and may also involve multi-agency support.

KEY:

BCAF: bullying Concern Assessment Form

LOL: Leader of Learning

VP: Vice-Principal

SKSLOL: Senior Key Stage Leader of Learning

LSCo: Learning Support Co-ordinator

Success criteria has **NOT** been met:

LOL

- Complete BCAF Part 4b
- Inform administrative staff to update ABSIT Log
- Update SKS LOL/VP Pastoral

V

SKS LOL/LSCo

- Case review at Safeguarding Team meeting
- Further support/intervention discussed and agreed